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=> d his ful
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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:42:42 ON 21 AUG 2005
                    E MAEDA HIROSHI/AU
              1413 SEA ABB=ON ("MAEDA HIROSCHI"/AU OR "MAEDA HIROSH"/AU OR
                    "MAEDA HIROSHI"/AU OR "MAEDA HIROSI"/AU)
                    E IMAMURA KIMIHIRO/AU
L2
                 6 SEA ABB=ON ("IMAMURA KIMIE"/AU OR "IMAMURA KIMIHIRO"/AU)
L3
                 1 SEA ABB=ON L1 AND L2
L4
                    ANALYZE L3 1-1 CT :
                                                   4 TERMS
      FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:00:11 ON 21 AUG 2005
                    E GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN/CN
                    E SACCHARID/CN
                   E SACCHARIDES/CN
                 1 SEA ABB=ON SACCHARIDES/CN
L5
                    E GLYCOSAMINOGLYCANS/CN
      FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:01:33 ON 21 AUG 2005
           232050 SEA ABB=ON (L5 OR ?GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN? OR ?SACCHARID?)
399 SEA ABB=ON L6 AND (?POLYMER?(W)?DEGRAD?)
30 SEA ABB=ON L7 AND (?ELECTRON?(W)?BEAM? OR ?IRRAD?)
58 SEA ABB=ON L6 AND ?MOLECULAR?(W)?WEIGHT?(W)(?LOWER? OR ?LESS?
L6
L7
L8
                   OR ?DECREAS?)
                1 SEA ABB=ON L9 AND (?ELECTRON?(W)?BEAM? OR ?IRRAD?)
L10
L11
                88 SEA ABB=ON L8 OR L9
L12
                31 SEA ABB=ON L11 AND (?ELECTRON?(W)?BEAM? OR ?IRRAD?)
                31 SEA ABB=ON L12 AND (PRD<20040113 OR PD<20040113)
L13
      FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:05:13 ON 21 AUG 2005
L14
                 1 SEA ABB=ON HYALURONIC ACID/CN
      FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 16:05:26 ON 21 AUG 2005
                3 SEA ABB=ON L13 AND (L14 OR ?HYALURONIC?(W)?ACID?)
31 SEA ABB=ON L13 OR L15
L15
L16
      FILE MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, JAPIO, JICST-EPLUS ENTERED AT 16:10:34 ON 21-AUG-2005

O SEA ABB=ON L12 Ohits from above database
L17
      FILE USPATFULL ENTERED AT 16:11:48 ON 21 AUG 2005
             2074 SEA ABB=ON L12 AND (PRD<20040113 OR PD<20040113)
L18
L19
              154 SEA ABB=ON L18 AND ?ELECTRON? (W) ?BEAM?
L20
              135 SEA ABB=ON L19 AND ?POLYSACCH?
               80 SEA ABB=ON L20 AND ?GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN?
L21
                80 SEA ABB=ON L21 AND (?HYALURONIC?(W)?ACID? OR ?CHONDROITIN?(W)?
                   SULFATE? OR ?DERMATAN?(W)?SULFATE? OR ?KERATAN?(W)?SULFAT? OR
        ?HEPARAN? (W) ?SULFATE? UK ?HEPARIN:,

71 SEA ABB=ON L21 AND ?POLYMER? (W) ?DEGRAD?

69 SEA ABB=ON L23 AND ?MOLEC? (W) ?WEIGHT? (L) ?LOWER?

69 SEA ABB=ON L24 AND (?SOLID? OR ?LIQUID?)

69 SEA ABB=ON L25 AND ?METHOD?

69 SEA ABB=ON L25 AND ?METHOD?
                   ?HEPARAN? (W) ?SULFATE? OR ?HEPARIN?)
L23
L24
L25_
      FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 16:24:40 ON 21 AUG 2005
L27
             1851 SEA ABB=ON (HYALURONIC ACID OR CHONDROITIN SULFATE OR
                   DERMATAN SULFATE OR KERATAN SULFATE OR HEPARAN SULFATE OR
                   HEPARIN)
L28
                 4 SEA ABB=ON (HYALURONIC ACID OR CHONDROITIN SULFATE OR
                   DERMATAN SULFATE OR KERATAN SULFATE OR HEPARAN SULFATE OR
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HEPARIN)/CN

FILE THEARTES ENTERED AT 16:25:46 ON 21 AUG 2005

5 SEA ABB=ON L16 AND (HYALURONIC ACID OR CHONDROITIN SULFATE OR DERMATAN SULFATE OR KERATAN SULFATE OR HEPARAN SULFATE OR HEPARIN)

31 SEA ABB=ON L16 OR L29 3/ Cits from CABlue

FILE HOME

L29

FILE HCAPLUS

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Aug 2005 VOL 143 ISS 9 FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 Aug 2005 (20050819/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

FILE REGISTRY

Property values tagged with IC are from the ${\tt ZIC/VINITI}$ data file provided by InfoChem.

STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 19 AUG 2005 HIGHEST RN 861198-35-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 19 AUG 2005 HIGHEST RN 861198-35-8

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 18, 2005

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting ${\tt SmartSELECT}$ searches.

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

Experimental and calculated property data are now available. For more information enter HELP PROP at an arrow prompt in the file or refer to the file summary sheet on the web at:

http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/DBSS/registryss.html

FILE MEDLINE

FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 AUG 2005 (20050820/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DATE.

On December 19, 2004, the 2005 MeSH terms were loaded.

The MEDLINE reload for 2005 is now available. For details enter HELP RLOAD at an arrow promt (=>). See also:

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/

http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd04/nd04_mesh.html

OLDMEDLINE now back to 1950.

MEDLINE thesauri in the /CN, /CT, and /MN fields incorporate the MeSH 2005 vocabulary.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

FILE BIOSIS

FILE COVERS 1969 TO DATE.

CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNs) PRESENT FROM JANUARY 1969 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 17 August 2005 (20050817/ED)

FILE RELOADED: 19 October 2003.

FILE EMBASE

FILE COVERS 1974 TO 18 Aug 2005 (20050818/ED)

EMBASE has been reloaded. Enter HELP RLOAD for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

FILE JAPIO

FILE LAST UPDATED: 2 AUG 2005 <20050802/UP>
FILE COVERS APR 1973 TO APRIL 28, 2005

<>< GRAPHIC IMAGES AVAILABLE >>>

FILE JICST-EPLUS

FILE COVERS 1985 TO 15 AUG 2005 (20050815/ED)

THE JICST-EPLUS FILE HAS BEEN RELOADED TO REFLECT THE 1999 CONTROLLED TERM (/CT) THESAURUS RELOAD.

FILE USPATFULL

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 18 Aug 2005 (20050818/PD)

FILE LAST UPDATED: 18 Aug 2005 (20050818/ED)

HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US6931661

HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2005183181

CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 18 Aug 2005 (20050818/UPCA)

ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 18 Aug 2005 (20050818/PD)

REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Jun 2005

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Jun 2005

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>>> USPAT2 is now available. USPATFULL contains full text of the
                                                                       <<<
>>>
    original, i.e., the earliest published granted patents or
                                                                      <<<
    applications. USPAT2 contains full text of the latest US
                                                                      <<<
    publications, starting in 2001, for the inventions covered in
>>>
                                                                      <<<
    USPATFULL. A USPATFULL record contains not only the original
                                                                      <<<
    published document but also a list of any subsequent
                                                                      <<<
    publications. The publication number, patent kind code, and
                                                                      <<<
>>> publication date for all the US publications for an invention
                                                                      <<<
>>> are displayed in the PI (Patent Information) field of USPATFULL
                                                                      <<<
>>> records and may be searched in standard search fields, e.g., /PN, <<<
>>> /PK, etc.
                                                                      <<<
>>> USPATFULL and USPAT2 can be accessed and searched together
>>> through the new cluster USPATALL. Type FILE USPATALL to
                                                                      <<<
>>> enter this cluster.
                                                                      <<<
                                                                      <<<
>>> Use USPATALL when searching terms such as patent assignees,
                                                                      <<<
    classifications, or claims, that may potentially change from
                                                                      <<<
>>> the earliest to the latest publication.
                                                                      <<<
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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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=> d que stat 130
L5
              1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON SACCHARIDES/CN
         232050 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L5 OR ?GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN? OR
Ŀ6
                ?SACCHARID?)
            399 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND (?POLYMER?(W)?DEGRAD?)
L7
L8
             30 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L7 AND (?ELECTRON?(W)?BEAM? OR
                ?IRRAD?)
             58 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND ?MOLECULAR? (W) ?WEIGHT? (W) (?LOWE
L9
                R? OR ?LESS? OR ?DECREAS?)
             88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L8 OR L9
L11
             31 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L11 AND (?ELECTRON?(W)?BEAM? OR
L12
                ?IRRAD?)
L13
             31 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L12 AND (PRD<20040113 OR PD<20040113)
L14
              1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON HYALURONIC ACID/CN
L15
              3 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L13 AND (L14 OR ?HYALURONIC?(W)?ACID?)
1.16
             31 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L13 OR L15
              5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L16 AND (HYALURONIC ACID OR CHONDROITI
L29
                N SULFATE OR DERMATAN SULFATE OR KERATAN SULFATE OR HEPARAN
                SULFATE OR HEPARIN)
             31 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L16 OR L29
L30
=> d ibib abs 130 1-31
L30 ANSWER 1 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:1023995 HCAPLUS
```

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

142:299712

TITLE:

Microwave degraded chito-oligosaccharide

compound and its preparation

INVENTOR (S):

Li, Pengcheng; Xing, Rong'e; Liu, Song; Yu, Huahua

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Institute of Oceanography, Chinese Academy of

Sciences, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE:

Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 9 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

at 4°, drying at 60°, and grinding to 20-100 mesh.

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 .

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	
CN 1473857	A 20040211	CN 2003-138817	
WO 2005007702		WO 2003-CN847	
W: AE, AG, AL,		BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, E	
CR, CU, CZ,	DE, DK, DM, DZ,	EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, G	D, GE, GH, GM,
HR, HU, ID,	IL, IN, IS, JP,	KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, I	C, LK, LR, LS,
		MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, N	
		SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, T	J, TM, TN, TR,
		VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW	
		SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, Z	
		BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, D	
		LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, S	
BF, BJ, CF,	CG, CI, CM, GA,	GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, N	IE, SN, TD, TG
		CN 2003-138817	
		osan in an acidic NaC	
electrolyte solutio	n to obtain a vis	scous liquid, degradin	g the liquid via
microwave irradiati	on (400-800W) for	3-12 min, neutralizi	ng, precipitating

L30 ANSWER 2 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:960075 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:397168 TITLE: Depolymerization of glycosaminoglycans by UV radiation INVENTOR(S): De Ambrosi, Luigi; Vismara, Elena PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Laboratori Derivati Organici S.P.A., Italy Eur. Pat. Appl., 8 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: EPXXDW DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----A1 20041110 EP 2003-76388 EP 1475391 20030509 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK WO 2004099256 A1 20041118 WO 2004-EP50723 20040506 <--W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU; AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 2003-76388 A 20030509 <--Glycosaminoglycans with reduced mol. weight suitable for pharmaceutical applications were manufactured by depolymn. of high-mol.-weight glycosaminoglycans using UVC radiation. For example, UV irradiation of 10% aqueous solution of heparin Na salt (mol. weight 13,000 Da) for 16 at 30° gave a degraded product having mol. weight 5000 Da and showing anticoagulant activity 114 U/mg. REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L30 ANSWER 3 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 2004:464238 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:316032 TITLE: ESR investigation on gamma-irradiated methylcellulose and hydroxyethylcellulose in dry state and in aqueous solution AUTHOR (S): Wach, R. A.; Mitomo, H.; Yoshii, F. CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biological and Chemical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, Gunma University, Kiryu, 319-1188, Japan SOURCE: Journal of Radioanalytical and Nuclear Chemistry (

CODEN: JRNCDM; ISSN: 0236-5731 PUBLISHER: Kluwer Academic Publishers DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Two derivs. of cellulose were investigated by ESR method after gamma-

2004), 261(1), 113-118

irradiation Irradiation of Me cellulose (MC) and hydroxyethyl cellulose (HEC) results in formation of radicals on these polysaccharides. Their transformations cause main-chain scission or to the opposite effect, crosslinking of polymer. It was proposed that radicals placed on anhydroglucose repeating unit contribute to degradation reactions, and those located on side chains of derivs., i.e., methoxy group, -O-CH3 and hydroxyetyl ether group, -O-CH2-CH2-OH participate in crosslinking.

REFERENCE COUNT: 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 4 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:117961 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:147997

TITLE:

SOURCE:

LANGUAGE:

Manufacture of polysaccharides with reduced

molecular weight

INVENTOR (S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Maeda, Hiroshi; Imamura, Kimihiro Seikagaku Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004043645	A2	20040212	JP 2002-203210	20020711
US 2005154196	A1	20050714	US 2004-755667	20040113 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-203210 P	20020711 <

AB The method is carried out by irradiating a polysaccharide fraction (hyaluronic acid) with electron beams at a radiation dose (d; in kGy) so that n = Mead (M = average mol. weight of polysaccharides at 5000-70,000; n = given pos. value.; n = average mol. weight in Da; e = natural log. base; a = -0.008.apprx.-0.004).

L30 ANSWER 5 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:80008 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:392587

TITLE:

Country report: Japan; part 2 : radiation degradation

of marine polysaccharides by low energy

electron beam

AUTHOR (S):

Yoshii, F.; Nagasawa, N.; Kume, T.; Yagi, T.; Ishii, K.; Relleve, L. S.; Puspitasari, T.; Quynh, T. M.;

Luan, L. Q.; Hien, N. Q.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Japan

SOURCE:

JAERI-Conf (2003), 2003-016 (Proceedings of

the FNCA 2002 Workshop on Application of Electron

Accelerator, 2002), 42-47

CODEN: JECNEC

PUBLISHER:

Japan Atomic Energy Research Institute

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The recent research results of radiation degradation of marine

polysaccharides namely alginate, chitosan, and carrageenan are presented. Viscosity of alginate, chitosan, and carrageenan solution decreased markedly with the increase of low energy electron beam irradiation time and beam current. Furthermore, the

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viscosity is reduced sharply in short time for polysaccharide
     solution with low concentration, for instance carrageenan solution of 1%.
Recently two
```

products from radiation-degraded chitosan (Olicide and Osan) have been commercialized in agriculture in Asia. For radiation degradation of marine polysaccharides, it is recommended that low mol. weight type of starting polysaccharides should be used. Low energy electron beam machine seems to be a useful facility for radiation degradation of polysaccharides in solution and especially for large

scale application.

REFERENCE COUNT:

10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 6 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:2921 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:61261

TITLE:

Radiation process for the physical depolymerization of

glycosaminoglycanes and products obtained

therefrom

INVENTOR(S):

De Ambrosi, Luigi; Iannacone, Nicola; Gonella, Sergio; Vismara, Elena; Nesti, Solitario; Torri, Giangiacomo

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Laboratori Derivati Organici S.P.A., Italy; De

Ambrosi, Luigi

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 15 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

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PATENT NO.
                       KIND
                               DATE
                                      APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
                        ----
                               -----
                                          -----
                              20031231 WO 2003-EP6446
    WO 2004000886
                        A1
                                                                 20030618 <--
        W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
            CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
            GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
            LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
            PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
            UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
            FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
            BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    CA 2488089
                        AA
                              20031231
                                          CA 2003-2488089
                                                                 20030618 <--
                                                             A 20020621 <--
W 20030618 <--
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                          IT 2002-MI1372
                                          WO 2003-EP6446
```

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:61261

The invention relates to a process for the depolymn. of glycosaminoglycanes characterized by the use of electron beam radiation, optionally in the presence of an organic compound selected from the group consisting of ethers, alcs., aldehydes, amides and formic acid. The invention also relates to the intermediate depolymd. heparin obtained by the process. The intermediate depolymd. heparin can be dissolved in a buffer solution and fractionated by Gel

Permeation for obtaining the desired mol. weight

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 7 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

8

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:900475 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:225607

TITLE:

Radiation Chemistry of Polysaccharides: 1. Mechanisms of Carbon Monoxide and Formic Acid

Formation

AUTHOR (S):

Sharpatyi, V. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Emanuel Institute of Biochemical Physics, Russian

Academy of Sciences, Moscow, 119991, Russia

SOURCE:

High Energy Chemistry (Translation of Khimiya Vysokikh

Energii) (2003), 37(6), 369-372 CODEN: HIECAP; ISSN: 0018-1439

PUBLISHER:

MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE:

English AB

Based on an anal. of author's exptl. results and published data on the buildup of HCOOH and CO in starches and other high polymers of glucose irradiated in the presence of O2, it was concluded that both of these products result from multistage transformations of a primary radical of H abstraction from C1. Peroxide radicals are the source of HCOOH, whereas acyl radicals, which are produced in radical reactions with aldehyde groups, are the precursor of CO. Based on the values of G(HCOOH), G(CO), and G(cleavage) and the mass balance on these products, a conclusion was drawn that the formation of these products requires the degradation of three neighboring monomer units. A reaction mechanism for the formation of HCOOH and CO was proposed.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 16 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 8 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:539521 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

140:169372

TITLE:

Hydrogels of polysaccharide derivatives crosslinked with irradiation at paste-like

condition

AUTHOR(S):

Yoshii, Fumio; Zhao, Long; Wach, Radoslaw A.;

Nagasawa, Naotsugu; Mitomo, Hiroshi; Kume, Tamikazu Takasaki Radiation Chemistry Research Establishment,

Japan Atomic Energy Research Institute,

Watanuki-machi, Takasaki-shi, Gunma-ken, 370-1292,

SOURCE:

Nuclear Instruments & Methods in Physics Research, Section B: Beam Interactions with Materials and Atoms

(2003), 208, 320-324

CODEN: NIMBEU; ISSN: 0168-583X

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Elsevier Science B.V.

Journal

LANGUAGE: English AB

Polysaccharides such as cellulose, starch, chitin/chitosan and their water-soluble derivs. were known as degradable type polymers under action of ionizing radiation. Recently, the authors found that water-soluble polysaccharides derivs. such as CM-cellulose (CMC), carboxymethylstarch (CMS) and carboxymethylchitin (CMCT),

carboxymethylchitosan (CMCTS) lead to radiation crosslinking at high concentrated aqueous solution (more than 10%, paste-like state). It was proved that

the crosslinking was remarkably affected by their concentration. It was assumed that radiation formation of hydrogels of these polysaccharides derivs. were mainly due to the mobility of side chains. Side-chains radicals were formed mostly via indirect effects, by the abstraction of H

atoms by the intermediate products of water radiolysis. Some important characteristics of these novel hydrogels were also investigated. These hydrogels exhibited good swelling in water and possess satisfying biodegradability. In addition, the antibacterial activity against E.coli was also found in CMCTS hydrogel.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 9 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

7

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:505348 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:193666

TITLE:

Effect of γ - Irradiation on Degradation

of Alginate

AUTHOR (S):

Lee, Dong Wook; Choi, Won Seok; Byun, Myung Woo; Park,

Hyun Jin; Yu, Yong-Man; Lee, Chong M.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Graduate School of Biotechnology, Korea University,

Seoul, 136-701, S. Korea

SOURCE:

Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry (

2003), 51(16), 4819-4823 CODEN: JAFCAU; ISSN: 0021-8561

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The aqueous solution of alginate was irradiated by 60Co γ -rays in the dose range of 10-500 kGy. To assess the effect of irradiation on the degradation of alginate, the irradiation-induced changes in the viscosity, mol. weight, color, monomer composition, and sequence were measured. The mol. weight of raw alginate was reduced from 300,000 to 25,000 when irradiated at 100 kGy. The degradation rate decreased and the chain breaks per mol. increased with increasing irradiation dose. The viscosity of irradiated alginate solution reached a near min. as low as at 10 kGy. No appreciable color changes were observed in the samples irradiated at up to 100 kGy, but intense browning occurred beyond 200 kGy. The 13C NMR spectra showed that homopolymeric blocks, MM and GG, increased and the M/G ratio decreased with irradiation Considering both the level of degradation and the color change of alginate, the optimum irradiation dose was found to be 100 kGy.

REFERENCE COUNT:

21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 10 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:678797 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:370669

TITLE:

Effects of gamma radiation on a plastic material based

on bean protein

AUTHOR (S):

Gonzalez, M. E.; Salmoral, E. M.; Traverso, K.;

Floccari, M. E.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Comision Nacional de Energia Atomica, Buenos Aires,

Argent.

SOURCE:

International Journal of Polymeric Materials (

2002), 51(8), 721-731

CODEN: IJPMCS; ISSN: 0091-4037

PUBLISHER:

Taylor & Francis Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

The effect of gamma radiation applied to a system used for the preparation of biodegradable plastics was studied. The system was composed of the proteins and glucopolysaccharides previously isolated from Phaseolus vulgaris beans, mixed with glycerol and water as plasticizers.

Mixts. were irradiated with doses of 25, 50 and 100 kGy under two conditions: (a) before the compression molding process and (b) after the mixts. were molded. When the maximum applied dose (100 kGy) was applied to mixts. before the molding process, the plastic product obtained presented a deformation reduction of 62%, while the water absorption capacity increased by 20%. When the previously molded products were submitted to gamma radiation, their tensile strength decreased by 20%. The observed effects were attributed to different water contents in each mixture and the eventual possibility of rearrangements giving rise to different structural interactions among starch and protein chains. A comparative anal. of biodegradability between irradiated and non-irradiated products is being carried on, with no differences observed up to the present state of the expts.

REFERENCE COUNT: 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 11 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:72161 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:118887

TITLE: Molecular weight reduction of polymer using gamma

irradiation treatment

INVENTOR(S): Miller, Robert J.; Shiedlin, Aviva

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Genzyme Corporation, USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APPL	ICAT	ION	. O <i>l</i>		D	ATE		
	2002						2002	0124	,	WO 2	 001-1	US22!	501		20	0010	 718 <	<
WO	2002	0063	48		A3		2002	0516										
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,	
							DK,											
							IS,											
							MG,											
							SK,											
							BY,							•	•	•		
	RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	ŪĠ,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	
							GB,											
							GA,										·	
US	6383	344			B1		2002	0507	•	US 2	000-	5193	59		20	0000	719 <	<
AU	2001	0829	02		A 5		2002	0130		AU 2	001-	3290	2		20	010	718 <	<
US	2002	1561	46		A1		2002	1024	,	US 2	002-	1133	73		20	0204	401 <	<
PRIORIT	Y APP	LN.	INFO	.:					•	US 2	000-	5193	59	2	A 20	0000.	719 <	<
									1	WO 2	001-1	JS22!	501	1	v 20	010	718 <	<

AB A method for reducing the mol. weight of polymer comprises subjecting a solid phase polymer to a dose of gamma **irradiation** sufficient to permit the desired mol. weight reduction to occur. The method of this invention permit

the direct reduction of the mol. weight of such polymers to preselected lower mol. weight levels with low polydispersity. Polymers which are particularly suitable for use in the present invention include the polyanionic polysaccharides, and more particularly hyaluronic acid (1HA") and CM-cellulose (CMC).

L30 ANSWER 12 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:565455 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:152213

TITLE:

Radiation processing of indigenous natural polymers -

properties of - radiation modified blends from

sago-starch for biodegradable composite

AUTHOR (S):

Ghazali, Z.; Dahlan, K. Z.; Wongsuban, B.; Idris, S.;

Muhammad, K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Malaysian Institute for Nuclear and-Technology

Research, Bangui, 43000, Malay.

SOURCE:

JAERI-Conf (2001), 2001-005 (Takasaki

Symposium on Radiation Processing of Natural Polymers,

2000), 75-88 CODEN: JECNEC

PUBLISHER:

Japan Atomic Energy Research Institute

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Research and development on biodegradable polymer blends and composites have gained wider interest to offer alternative eco-friendly products. Natural polysaccharide such as sago-starch offers the most promising raw material for the production of biodegradable composites.

potential of sago, which is so abundant in Malaysia, to produce blends for subsequent applications in composite material, was evaluated and explored. Blends with various formulations of sago starch and poly(vinyl alc.) (PVA), and poly(vinylpyrrolidone) (PVP) polymers were prepared and.

subjected to radiation modification using electron beam irradiation The effect of irradiation on the sago and its blends was evaluated and their properties were characterized. potential of producing composite from sago blends was explored. Foams from these blends were, produced using microwave oven while films were produced through casting method. The properties such as mech., - water absorption, expansion ratio, and biodegradability were characterized and reported in this paper.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 13 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

12

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:559494 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:124027

TITLE:

Molding compositions and process for manufacture of

biodegradable molded articles based on natural

substances, especially cellulose Falkhof, Werner; Sohre, Michael

INVENTOR(S):

Germany

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 3 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 10004241	A1	20010802	DE 2000-10004241	20000201 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 2000-10004241	20000201 <

AB Biodegradable molded articles with improved stability and handling, suitable for industrial as well as do-it-yourself purposes, are obtained from compns. consisting of (A) cellulose 40-80, (B) gypsum and/or polysaccharides 0-50, (C) fillers 10-60 weight%, and, each relative to the sum of A, B and C, (D) parting agents 0-3, (E) thermally curable

adhesives 5-20, (F) binder 0-5 weight*, and (G) colorants in the usual amts. As (in)organic fillers (C) horn and bone meal, cork meal, wood flour, coffee meal, cocoa powder, ground charcoal, flour, semolina, iron powder, fine sands, clay, and kaolin are suitable. As parting agents (D) especially essential oils are used and as component (E) chemical curing adhesives such as PVAc and phenol-, resorcinol-, melamine-, bone- and urea-formaldehyde hot-setting adhesives. Binding agents (F) are preferably polysaccharides, starch or acrylics. Suitable colorants (G) can be added as powder or liquid and comprise dyes based on water, acrylic or alkyd compds. as well as vegetable dyes. The molded articles can be prepared by casting, pressing and/or kneading. To a dry mixture of A, B and C the auxiliary agents (D-G) and H2O are added, forming a homogeneous moldable compound, which is filled into molds, where it is subjected for 1-5 min to microwave irradiation, causing the curing of the adhesive and optionally the binder. After 10-60 min the microwave irradiation treatment is repeated at least once.

L30 ANSWER 14 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:530919 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:257573

TITLE: Hydrophobic Chain Conjugation at Hydroxyl Group onto

γ-Ray Irradiated Chitosan

AUTHOR(S): Yoksan, Rangrong; Akashi, Mitsuru; Biramontri,

Siriratana; Chirachanchai, Suwabun

CORPORATE SOURCE: The Petroleum and Petrochemical College, Chulalongkorn

University, Bangkok, 10330, Thailand

SOURCE: Biomacromolecules (2001), 2(3), 1038-1044

CODEN: BOMAF6; ISSN: 1525-7797

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB γ-Ray irradiation of chitosan flakes and introduction of hydrophobic chains onto hydroxyl groups were carried out to lower mol. weight via chain scission and to introduce functionalization of hydroxyl groups with hydrophobic groups. At 25 kGy, chain degradation without crosslinking reduces the mol. weight to one-fourth; however, structural characterization by FT-IR, 1H NMR, and 13C CP/MAS NMR indicates that the saccharide units are maintained. Hydrophobic chains were introduced by reaction of alkylamines with the chitosan carbonyl imidazole precursor. The chitosan coupling reaction is improved and can be done homogeneously as a result of γ -ray irradiation The optimum conditions for phthalimido group deprotection were studied to generate a unique product with a hydrophobic chain attached mainly at the hydroxyl group (C-6 and/or C-3) while the amino group (C-2) is retained as characterized by FT-IR and 1H NMR. The final product shows fair solubility in organic solvents, such as DMSO.

DMAc, DMF, and pyridine.

REFERENCE COUNT: 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 15 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:796620 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:180780

TITLE: Degradation and crosslinking of dextran in aqueous

solutions by γ -radiolysis: the effect of polymer

concentration .

AUTHOR(S): Kovalev, G. V.; Sinitsyn, A. P.; Bugaenko, L. T. CORPORATE SOURCE: Moscow State University, Moscow, 119899, Russia

SOURCE: High Energy Chemistry (Translation of Khimiya Vysokikh

Energii) (1999), 33(6), 370-373 CODEN: HIECAP; ISSN: 0018-1439

PUBLISHER:

MAIK Nauka/Interperiodica Publishing

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English AB Changes in the mol.-weight distribution of dextran macromols. upon γ -

irradiation of 2-50% aqueous solns. of this polysaccharide in the dose range 0-0.08 MGy were examined using viscometry and gel-permeation chromatog. data. The crosslinking rather than degradation of the macromols. was found to be enhanced by γ -radiolysis with increasing the polymer concentration in the solution It was also found that this effect weakens with

decreasing mol. weight of the initial dextran.

9

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L30 ANSWER 16 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:751514 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:356114

TITLE:

Temperature-responsive biodegradable polymers

providing novel drug delivery systems

INVENTOR(S):

Yui, Nobuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Foundation for Scientific Technology Promotion, Japan

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11322941	A2	19991126	JP 1998-127979	19980511 <
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-127979	19980511 <
AB The polymers, which	are de	graded in	cells, tissues, or organs	by enzymes

and temperature increase and are useful as drug carriers, comprise (a) 3-dimensional net work structure of water-soluble biodegradable polymers or polymers having biodegradable site and (b) temperature-responsive polymers grafted on (a). Three N-isopropylacrylamide-N,N-dimethylacrylamide copolymers having amino group at one end (preparation given, Mn 2600, 4200, or 8800) were treated with methacryl chloride to give copolymers having methacryl group at the other terminal. A composition containing each copolymer,

dextran methacrylate, ammonium persulfate, and DMSO was irradiated with UV at) room temperature for 4 h to give a hydrogel, which was soaked in H2O at room temperature for 10 days. Transmittance of the swollen hydrogel in a phosphate buffer was decreased with increase in the temperature for all 3 hydrogels. Degradation of the swollen gel with dextranase was promoted with increase in the temperature for the hydrogel having grafted chain with Mn 4200 or 8800.

L30 ANSWER 17 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:704593 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:23392

TITLE:

Formation and biodegradation of natural polymer

hydrogels, fibers, and capsules

AUTHOR (S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

Ohkawa, Kousaku; Tatehata, Hideki; Yamamoto, Hiroyuki Institute of High Polymer Research, Faculty of Textile Science and Technology, Shinshu University, Tokida,

Ueda, 386-8567, Japan

SOURCE:

Kobunshi Ronbunshu (1999), 56(10), 583-596

CODEN: KBRBA3; ISSN: 0386-2186

PUBLISHER:

Kobunshi Gakkai

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

A review with 87 refs. on the formation and biodegrdn. of natural and related polymer hydrogels, fibers, and capsules. Chemical, photo-induced, and enzymic methods to form crosslinked natural polymer hydrogels are described. Hydrogel-formations of water-soluble cationic polypeptides, polysaccharide chitosan, and chemical modified lignin were examined using organic crosslinking agents such as dialdehydes and diketones in water systems. Among the organic crosslinking agents used, glutaraldehyde was the most effective for the gel formation. When the aqueous solns. of copoly[Lys Lys(Cou)] containing 5-10 mol% of E-7-coumaryloxyacetyl-L-lysine [Lys- (Cou)] residues were irradiated by light, the photo-crosslinking reaction proceeded between coumarin moieties in the side chains, and the solns. became transparent hydrogels. All of the hydrogels obtained by the above methods exhibited reversible swelling-shrinking behavior. Insolubilization of several polypeptides by oxidase-catalyzed reaction was observed Next, different characteristic surface structures such as true and hemispheres, honeycomb, regularly spaced droplets and fibers were created between chitosan- or polylysine-gellan via polyion complex (PIC) formation. Strong fibers are spinnable by gravity and by wet spinning. These PIC fibers possess counterion pairing structures and exhibit nervation/veining patterns and hollow yarns. Finally, biodegrdn. properties of these hydrogels, fibers, and capsules were studied; all of them were degraded by several enzymes and soil filamentous fungi.

L30 ANSWER 18 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1990:83772 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

112:83772

TITLE:

Degradation of the polysaccharide alginic

acid: a comparison of the effects of UV light and

ozone

AUTHOR (S):

Akhlaq, M. Shahid; Schuchmann, Heinz Peter; Von

Sonntag, Clemens

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Max-Planck-Inst. Strahlenchem., Muelheim an der Ruhr,

D-4330, Germany

SOURCE:

Environmental Science and Technology (1990),

24(3), 379-83

CODEN: ESTHAG; ISSN: 0013-936X

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Oxygenated aqueous solns. of alginic acid, a model compound for polyuronic acids

contained in surface waters, were photolyzed with UV light (λ = 254 nm), treated with O3, or reacted with radiolytically generated OH radicals. The average **mol. weight decrease** upon such treatment was measured by viscometry. At a fluence of 250 J/m2, which is generally considered sufficient to disinfect drinking water, 0.0005 strand breaks per macromol. are effected. Alginic acid is capable of complexing Fe3+. The presence of Fe+3 increases photolytic strand-break formation. At an Fe concentration of 10-6 mol/dm3, such as may prevail after flocculation with Fe salts, 0.004 strand breaks per macromol. are detected at the above fluence. OH radicals, produced by subjecting the N2O/O2-saturated aqueous alginic acid solution to ionizing radiation

from a 60Co γ source, cause strand breakage with an efficiency of 22%, while O21- radicals are released from the polymer peroxyl radicals

with an efficiency of 71%. The efficiency of O3 in producing a strand break is 18%, relative to the total of the O3 consumed. The destruction of the alginic acid by O3 is mainly caused by the intermediate OH radicals. The polysaccharide peroxyl radicals that are formed by OH attack and subsequent addition of O eliminate O21- radicals, which in turn stimulate further OH radical production by reacting rapidly with the O3.

L30 ANSWER 19 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:635343 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:235343

TITLE: Effect of gamma-radiation on a water-insoluble

arabinoxylan

AUTHOR (S): Ebringerova, Anna; Pruzinec, Jozef; Kacurakova, Marta;

Hromadkova, Zdenka

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Chem., Slovak Acad. Sci., Bratislava, 842 38,

Czech.

SOURCE: Journal of Applied Polymer Science (1989),

38(10), 1919-28

CODEN: JAPNAB; ISSN: 0021-8995

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The effect of gamma radiation on a water-insol. L-arabino-D-xylan was studied by functional group and structural anal. using chemical methods and IR spectroscopy, by sugar composition anal., and by viscosity measurements. The gamma irradiation modified both sugar components of the arabinoxylan, accompanied by cleavage of the glycosidic linkages, depolymn., and sugar decomposition, depending on the applied radiation dose, thus increasing the mol. and chemical heterogeneity of the polysaccharide.

L30 ANSWER 20 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:141519 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:141519

TITLE: Controlled preparation of low molecular weight

glucosaminoglycans

INVENTOR(S): Ferrari, Gianni; Recchia, Walter; De Ambrosi, Luigi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mediolanum Farmaceutici S.r.l., Italy; Laboratori

Derivati Organici S.p.A. SOURCE:

Eur. Pat. Appl., 10 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT NO.			KINI)	DATE	AP	PLICATION	NO.	DATE	
					-						
EP	269937			A2		19880608	EP	1987-1168	62	19871116	<
EP	269937			A 3		19890308					
EP	269937			B1		19910220					
	R: AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	ES	, FR, GB,	GR, I	r, LI, LU,	NL, SE		
NO	8704777			Α		19880525	NO	1987-4777		19871116	<
US	4987222			A		19910122	US	1987-1209	53	19871116	<
AT	60924			E		19910315	AT	1987-1168	62	19871116	<
DK	8706023			Α		19880915	DK	1987-6023		19871117	<
ΑU	8781609			A1		19880526	AU	1987-8160	9	19871123	<
ΑU	603622			B2		19901122					
CA	1305134			A1		19920714	CA	1987-5524	81	19871123	<
FI	8705185			Α		19880525	FI	1987-5185		19871124	<

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FI 88045
                               19921215
    FI 88045
                               19930325
                         C
    JP 63213502
                         A2
                               19880906
                                           JP 1987-294255
                                                                  19871124 <--
    JP 05088881
                         B4
                               19931224
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           IT 1986-22434
                                                               A 19861124 <--
                                           EP 1987-116862
                                                               A 19871116 <--
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AB Glucosylaminoglycans with mol. weight 1000-35,000 and antithrombotic, fibrinolytic, antiatherogenic, anti-inflammatory, and heparin cofactor II activation activities are manufactured by static or dynamic stepwise γ- irradiation of high-mol.-weight glucosaminoglycans, e.g., Na heparin (I), at doses 2.5-20 Mrads with cooling between the steps. I 16 g was irradiated with successive treatments of 2.5 Mrads each to a total of 17.5 Mrads, and worked uptto give a powder, which was purifd. by reverse osmosis and a Sephadex 50 column to give 5 g product. A Na salt of the purified product (mol. weight 5000) exhibited heparin activity 20 U/mg USP, active-partial-thromboplastin-time activity 15 U/mg, organic S content 10.8%, uronic acid content 24.7%, and rotary power 49°.

L30 ANSWER 21 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:226517 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:226517

TITLE: Microwave irradiation of lignocellulosic

materials. VII. Microwave irradiation and enzymatic saccharification of celluloses

AUTHOR(S): Azuma, Junichi; Ozaki, Akemi; Koshijima, Tetsuo

CORPORATE SOURCE: Wood Res. Inst., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, Japan SOURCE: Mokuzai Kenkyu Shiryo (1985), 21, 78-86

CODEN: MKSHDC; ISSN: 0285-7049

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Japanese

AR Com. available pulp-based cellulose (I, particle size 6-10 $\mu m)$ and cotton-based cellulose (II, 150-400 μm) were heated by microwave irradiation in the presence of water and enzymically saccharified. Upon microwave irradiation, temperature rose to 230° after 10-12 min. The acidity of the microwave-irradiated solution increased with increasing temperature and reached about 0.09 mequiv. at 230°. Reducing sugar formation started at 180° and reached 10.5% (I) and 6.5% (II) at 235°. A portion of cellulose was degraded into glucose and cello-oligosaccharides. The extent of decomposition of cellulose was also evaluated by measuring UV spectra of the water-soluble fractions, showing that a small amount of hemicellulosic polysaccharides in these samples could be removed by microwave irradiation at 235°. Although the enzymic susceptibility of the microwave-irradiated celluloses dropped slightly up to 210°, it rapidly increased with increasing temperature above 220°. The saccharification reached 81% (I) and 60% (II) at 245°.

L30 ANSWER 22 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:170354 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:170354

TITLE: Enhancement of accessibility of wood

polysaccharides for hydrolytic processes. 3.

The use of γ - irradiation

AUTHOR(S): Pekarovicova, A.; Zemanovic, J.; Kosik, M.; Lubke, H. CORPORATE SOURCE: Fac. Chem. Technol., Slov. Tech. Univ., Bratislava.

Czech.

SOURCE: Drevarsky Vyskum (1985), 106, 9-17

CODEN: DRVYAP; ISSN: 0012-6136

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The d.p. of dissolving pulp decreased on increasing the dosage of γ -ray from 101 to 105 Gy, and at 105 Gy the d.p. reached .apprx.200, which is near the d.p. of microcryst. cellulose (I). The content of carbonyl and carboxyl groups in I increased with increasing dosage of γ -radiation more intensely in air than in H2O. In hydrolysis of I with H2SO4, the hydrolysis yield increased slightly with increasing dosage of irradiation, and more favorable effects were observed during irradiation of I in aqueous suspension than in air. In hydrolysis with cellulase [9012-54-8], the increasing dosage neg. affected the reducing substances.

L30 ANSWER 23 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:73444 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:73444

TITLE: Heat enhancement effects in radiation pretreatment of

cellulosic wastes

AUTHOR(S): Kumakura, Minoru; Kaetsu, Isao

CORPORATE SOURCE: Takasaki Radiat. Chem. Res. Establ., Japan At. Energy

Res. Inst., Takasaki, Japan

SOURCE: Industrial & Engineering Chemistry Product Research

and Development (1984), 23(1), 88-91

CODEN: IEPRA6; ISSN: 0196-4321

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The effect of heating in the radiation pretreatment of cellulosic wastes such as chaff was studied by measuring the fragility and enzymic hydrolysis reaction of irradiated and heated chaff. The fragility and the glucose [50-99-7] yield increased with rising heating temperature, but the glucose yield had a maximum at near 120°, and after that it decreased. The radiation degradation of chaff was enhanced by heating after irradiation, and it increased with increasing irradn . dose. The heat enhancement effect of irradiated chaff on the enzymic hydrolysis was explained by the formation of degraded cellulose mol. chains such as oligosaccharides.

L30 ANSWER 24 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:8770 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 100:8770

TITLE: Radiochemical transformations of birchwood

AUTHOR(S): Skvortsov, S. V.; Klimentov, A. S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: USSR

SOURCE: Deposited Doc. (1982), VINITI 5432-82, 14

pp. Avail.: VINITI

DOCUMENT TYPE: Report LANGUAGE: Russian

AB The irradiation of birch sawdust with γ-rays caused degradation, with the degree of degradation being dependent on the irradiation dose and initial chemical composition of birchwood. The solubility of irradiated sawdust in NaOH solns. increased with decreasing mol. weight of polysaccharides and lignin [9005-53-2]. The hydrolyzates of irradiated sawdust contained large amts. of monosaccharides, particularly xylose [58-86-6], presumably due to depolymn. of polysaccharides and subsequent modification of the depolymd. products.

L30 ANSWER 25 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:91238 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:91238

TITLE: Study of radiation-decomposed wood. 3. Effect of

 γ - irradiation on physicochemical

properties of pinewood

AUTHOR(S): Klimentov, A. S.; Komkov, Yu. A.; Skvortsov, S. V.;

Pokrovskii, E. I.; Vysotskaya, I. F.; Ershov, B. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: VNIIGidroliz., USSR

SOURCE: Koksnes Kimija (1983), (1), 33-7

CODEN: KHDRDQ; ISSN: 0201-7474

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

AB The crystallinity of pinewood cellulose (I) [9004-34-6] decreased

steadily with increasing gamma irradiation dose. I became

completely amorphous at .apprx.2.7 MR radiation dose. The radiochem. degradation of I was accompanied by a decrease in hydrolysis-resistant polysaccharides. The radiation of I resulted in the formation of

CO2H and CO groups.

L30 ANSWER 26 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:157762 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:157762

TITLE: Effect of UV radiation on mixtures of acidic

polysaccharides with poly(vinyl alcohol)

AUTHOR(S): Savastenko, G. N.; Ermolenko, I. N.; Karpovich, T. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Obshch. Neorg. Khim., Minsk, USSR SOURCE: Doklady Akademii Nauk BSSR (1981), 25(3),

250-3

CODEN: DBLRAC; ISSN: 0002-354X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

AB Photochem. degradation of poly(vinyl alc.) (I) [9002-89-5] mixts. with CM-cellulose (II) [9004-32-4] or sodium alginate [9005-38-3] was examined in the absence and in the presence of Cu and UO2 salts. Films prepared from aqueous solns. of I and II were examined after UV irradiation and the photochem. conversions were evaluated from the volatile products formed on photodegrdn. The amount of volatiles formed at identical irradiation doses depended on the polysaccharide content of the mixts. and differed from products formed on degradation of the individual polymers. The formation rates of the volatile photolysis products were higher in the initial than in the subsequent irradiation stages, and had a min. dependence on the II content of the mixture An effect of salt formation on complexation of the polymers was suggested.

L30 ANSWER 27 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:103721 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 94:103721

TITLE: Ultrasonic degradation of schizophyllan, an antitumor

polysaccharide produce by Schizophyllum

commune Fries

AUTHOR(S): Tabata, Kengo; Ito, Wataru; Kojima, Takemasa;

Kawabata, Shozo; Misaki, Akira

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Lab., Taito Co., Ltd., Kobe, 653, Japan SOURCE: Carbohydrate Research (1981), 89(1), 121-35

CODEN: CRBRAT; ISSN: 0008-6215

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Schizophyllan (I) a water-soluble β -D-glucan elaborated by S. commune was partially depolymd. by ultrasonic **irradiation** to a low-mol.-weight

polysaccharide, designated "sonic-degraded schizophyllan". Both native and degraded polysaccharides exhibited essentially the same antitumor activities against Sarcoma-180 ascites. Both glucans are comprised solely of D-glucose residues and have a main chain of $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -β-D-glucopyranosyl residues, 2 out of 3 glucose residues being attached as single, $(1\rightarrow 6)$ -β-D-glucopyranosyl groups. Although both glucans have similar structural features, significant differences are observed in such phys. properties as mol. weight and intrinsic viscosity. End-group anal. by using radioisotope-labeled glucans suggests that ultrasonic degradation occurs mainly by cleavage of glycosidic bonds of the main chain of I. The mol. wts. of the native and sonic-degraded I were 73% of those of corresponding, original I prepns., suggesting that there is no anomalous linkage sensitive to periodate oxidation, and ultrasonic irradiation may cause random hydrolysis of $(1\rightarrow 3)$ -β-D-glucosidic linkages in the main chain.

L30 ANSWER 28 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:199980 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92:199980

TITLE: Radiochemical effect of γ -rays on birchwood

holocellulose

AUTHOR(S): Beinarts, J.; Tochilovskaya, T. N.; Rajavee, E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Khim. Drev., Riga, USSR SOURCE: Koksnes Kimija (1980), (2), 82-4-CODEN: KHDRDQ; ISSN: 0201-7474

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

The irradiation of birchwood holocellulose (I) [8064-26-4] by 6-100 Mrad γ -rays causes degradation of hemicellulose [9034-32-6], cellulose [9004-34-6], and pentosans, and results in increased content of CO and CO2H groups. The content of H2O-soluble moiety of I, which contains monosaccharides, increases with increasing irradiation dose. The degree of ordering of I decreases with increasing irradiation dose.

L30 ANSWER 29 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:206093 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:206093

TITLE: Gamma irradiation of cellulose and some

problems of its utilization

AUTHOR(S): Duchacek, V.; Bludovsky, R. CORPORATE SOURCE: Radiochem, Lab., Res. Inst.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Radiochem. Lab., Res. Inst. Food Ind., Prague, Czech.

SOURCE: Radiochemical and Radioanalytical Letters (

1979), 38(1), 31-8

CODEN: RRALAZ; ISSN: 0079-9483

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The amount of soluble materials in <code>irradiated</code> cotton as model for cellulose increased with increasing dose of γ -radiation, and the concentration of soluble substances formed during <code>irradiation</code> of cotton in 0.1N NaOH, 0.01N H2SO4 and H2O was higher by .apprx.50%, 45% and 5%, resp., than that formed in dry samples. The content of soluble

saccharides in cotton irradiated in various media also

increased with increasing dose in the range 0-200 kJ/kg. Weight-average mol. weight

of the residue of **irradiated** cotton did not depend significantly on the kind of medium used. The increase of malonaldehyde concentration in **irradiated** cotton was directly proportional to the radiation dose for dry samples, and for those in neutral and acidic media. The

consumption of O during irradiation increased with increasing dose up to the exhaustion of O from the atmospheric over the sample.

L30 ANSWER 30 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:56584 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:56584

TITLE: Transformation of isolated glucuronoxylan under

ionizing radiation

AUTHOR(S): Beinarts, J.; Tochilovskaya, T. N.; Rajavee, E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Khim. Drev., Riga, USSR SOURCE: Koksnes Kimija (1978), (6), 39-42 CODEN: KHDRDQ; ISSN: 0201-7474

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

AB The irradiation of glucuronoxylan (I) [37317-38-7] (extracted from birchwood sawdust by NaOH) by γ -rays from a 60CO source at a dose rate of 0.85 + 106 rad/h (total dose 3-21 Mrads) decreases the number-average d. p. and increases the solubility in H2O at ambient temperature. The

irradiated I is more susceptible to hydrolysis by H2SO4. The maximum
amount of monosaccharides was observed in the water soluble portion of I
at a dose of 6 Mrads. Further irradiation of I results in the
formation of macromol. fragments with a d. p. of 45-7 and relatively small
amount of low-mol. weight carbohydrates.

L30 ANSWER 31 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:106985 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:106985

TITLE: Radiochemical degradation of polysaccharides

in wood

AUTHOR(S): Klimentov, A. S.; Ershov, B. G.; Kraev, L. N.;

Vysotskaya, I. F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Vses. Nauchno-Issled. Inst. Gidroliz. Rastit. Mater.,

Leningrad, USSR

SOURCE: Koksnes Kimija (1978), (1), 68-71

CODEN: KHDRDQ; ISSN: 0201-7474

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: Russian

AB The degree of radiochem. depolymn. of polysaccharides in sprucewood sawdust containing 0.13-0.75 parts H2O, irradiated with 5.0 + 106 - 2.9 + 108 rads γ-rays at 300-460K, reached a maximum at the lowest moisture content and irradiation dose. The ratio of readily-hydrolyzable to hydrolysis-resistant polysaccharides in sawdust remains the same at radiation dose 5.0 + 107, however, at radiation dose 5.0 + 108 - 1.0 + 109 rads the total content of hydrolysis-resistant polysaccharides decreases sharply and reaches only 5-8% of their original content in wood, while the total content of readily-hydrolyzable polysaccharides increases. The radiochem. depolymn. of hydrolysis-resistant polysaccharides increases substantially with increasing irradiation temperature

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=> d que stat 126
               1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON SACCHARIDES/CN
L5
         232050 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (L5 OR ?GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN? OR
L6
                 ?SACCHARID?)
L7
             399 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND (?POLYMER?(W)?DEGRAD?)
              30 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L7 AND (?ELECTRON?(W)?BEAM? OR
L8
                 ?IRRAD?)
              58 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L6 AND ?MOLECULAR? (W) ?WEIGHT? (W) (?LOWE
L9
                 R? OR ?LESS? OR ?DECREAS?)
              88 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L8 OR L9
L11
L12
              31 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L11 AND (?ELECTRON?(W)?BEAM? OR
                 ?IRRAD?)
           2074 SEA FILE=USPATFULL ABB=ON L12 AND (PRD<20040113 OR PD<20040113
L18
L19
            154 SEA FILE-USPATFULL ABB-ON L18 AND ?ELECTRON?(W)?BEAM?
            135 SEA FILE=USPATFULL ABB=ON L19 AND ?POLYSACCH?
L20
             80 SEA FILE=USPATFULL ABB=ON L20 AND ?GLYCOSAMINOGLYCAN?
71 SEA FILE=USPATFULL ABB=ON L21 AND ?POLYMER?(W)?DEGRAD?
L21
L23
L24
             69 SEA FILE-USPATFULL ABB=ON L23 AND ?MOLEC? (W) ?WEIGHT? (L) ?LOWER?
L25
              69 SEA FILE=USPATFULL ABB=ON L24 AND (?SOLID? OR ?LIQUID?)
L26
             69 SEA FILE=USPATFULL ABB=ON L25 AND ?METHOD?
=> d ibib abs 126 1-69
```

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:210011 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Soft tissue implants and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

KIND

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

DATE

corporation)

NUMBER

PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005182496 A1 20050818
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-6906 A1 20041207 (11)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996353, filed on 22
	Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
	2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING
	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed
	on 10 Nov 2004 PENDING

	OII 10 NOV 2004, FI	ENDING		
	NUMBER	DATE		
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P		, •	
	US 2004-578471P	20040609	(60)	
	US 2003-526541P	20031203	(60)	<
	US 2003-525226P	20031124	(60)	<
	US 2003-523908P	20031120	(60)	<
	US 2003-524023P	20031120	(60)	<
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility			
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION			
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	SEED INTELLECTUAL	PROPERTY LA	AW GROUP PLLC,	701 FIFTH
	AVENYUE, SUITE 630	00, SEATTLE	, WA, 98104-709	2, US
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	76			
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1-3902			
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	32 Drawing Page(s)) ·		

LINE COUNT:

12588

AB Soft tissue implants (e.g., breast, pectoral, chin, facial, lip, and nasal implants) are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal.

L26 ANSWER 2 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:209984 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Electrical devices and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND, 6304

(non-U.S. corporation)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996355, filed on 22

Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 120 1-2803

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

14838

AB Electrical devices (e.g., cardiac rhythm management and neurostimulation devices) for contact with tissue are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within an animal.

an animar.

L26 ANSWER 3 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:209983 USPATFULL

TITLE: INVENTOR(S):

Electrical devices and anti-scarring agents

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA

Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

	NUMBER KIND DATE
PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	US 2005182468 A1 20050818 US 2004-6891 A1 20041207 (11) Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996355, filed on 22 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING
	NUMBER DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) < US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) < US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) < US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <
FILE SEGMENT: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	Utility APPLICATION SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US 112 1-1720
	32 Drawing Page(s) 14768 ces (e.g., cardiac rhythm management and neurostimulation ntact with tissue are used in combination with an
anti-scarring a	gent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit ay otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within
anti-scarring ag scarring that mand an animal.	gent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit ay otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within
anti-scarring ag scarring that mand an animal.	gent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit ay otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within SPATFULL on STN 2005:209982 USPATFULL Electrical devices and anti-scarring agents Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA
anti-scarring ag scarring that man an animal. L26 ANSWER 4 OF 69 UNACCESSION NUMBER: TITLE:	gent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit ay otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within SPATFULL on STN 2005:209982 USPATFULL Electrical devices and anti-scarring agents Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA
anti-scarring as scarring that man animal. L26 ANSWER 4 OF 69 USACCESSION NUMBER: TITLE: INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	gent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit ay otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within SPATFULL on STN 2005:209982 USPATFULL Electrical devices and anti-scarring agents Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. corporation) NUMBER KIND DATE
anti-scarring as scarring that man animal. L26 ANSWER 4 OF 69 USACCESSION NUMBER: TITLE: INVENTOR(S):	gent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit ay otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within SPATFULL on STN 2005:209982 USPATFULL Electrical devices and anti-scarring agents Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. corporation)
anti-scarring as scarring that man animal. L26 ANSWER 4 OF 69 USACCESSION NUMBER: TITLE: INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:	gent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit ay otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within SPATFULL on STN 2005:209982 USPATFULL Electrical devices and anti-scarring agents Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. corporation) NUMBER KIND DATE US 2005182467 A1 20050818 US 2004-6884 A1 20041207 (11) Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996355, filed on 22 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <--

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 112 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-1168

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 14785

Electrical devices (e.g., cardiac rhythm management and neurostimulation

devices) for contact with tissue are used in combination with an

anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within

an animal.

L26 ANSWER 5 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:209978 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Polymer compositions and methods for their

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA Takacs-Cox, Aniko, North Vancouver, CANADA

Avelar, Rui, Vancouver, CANADA

Loss, Troy A. E., North Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND, 6304 (non-U.S. corporation)

> NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005182463 A1 20050818 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-1788 A1 20041202 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996354, filed on 22 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-611077P 20040917 (60)

US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-566569P 20040428 (60)

US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 125 1-8059

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 34070

AB Compositions comprising anti-fibrotic agent(s) and/or polymeric

compositions can be used in various medical applications including the

<--<--

prevention of surgical adhesions, treatment of inflammatory arthritis, treatment of scars and keloids, the treatment of vascular disease, and the prevention of cartilage loss.

L26 ANSWER 6 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:209965 USPATFULL

Electrical devices and anti-scarring agents TITLE:

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE US 2005182450 A1 20050818 US 2004-6890 A1 20041207 (11) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996355, filed on 22 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER -----US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60)
US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)
US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60)
US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60)
US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60)
US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: <--<--

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 112 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-349

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 14792

Electrical devices (e.g., cardiac rhythm management and neurostimulation devices) for contact with tissue are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within an animal.

L26 ANSWER 7 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:209494 USPATFULL

TITLE: Medical implants and anti-scarring agents INVENTOR (S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

	NUMBER KIND DATE	
	US 2005181977 A1 20050818 US 2004-986231 A1 20041110 (10)	
	NUMBER DATE	
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)	
DOCUMENT TYPE:		
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FI AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US	FTH
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	182	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:		
LINE COUNT:		
AD Implanta and us	od in combination with an out; consular result is an	

AB Implants are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal. The agent may be any suitable anti-scarring agent, e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor, and may be used in conjunction with a second pharmaceutical agent, e.g., an antibiotic. Suitable implants include intravascular implants, a vascular graft or wrap implant, an implant for hemodialysis access, an implant that provides an anastomotic connection, ventricular assist implant, a prosthetic heart valve implant, an inferior vena cava filter implant, a peritoneal dialysis catheter implant, a central nervous system shunt, an intraocular lens, an implant for glaucoma drainage, a penile implant, an endotracheal tube, a tracheostomy tube, a gastrointestinal device, and a spinal implant.

L26 ANSWER 8 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:208533 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Medical implants and anti-scarring agents Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA INVENTOR(S):

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE ------US 2005181011 A1 20050818 US 2004-1792 A1 20041202 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: 20041202 (11) RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60)
US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60)
US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60)
US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60)
US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60)
US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60)
US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 177 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-4994

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 28 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 56421

Implants are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal. The agent may be any suitable anti-scarring agent, e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor, and may be used in conjunction with a second pharmaceutical agent, e.g., an antibiotic. Suitable implants include intravascular implants, a vascular graft or wrap implant, an implant for hemodialysis access, an implant that provides an anastomotic connection, ventricular assist implant, a prosthetic heart valve implant, an inferior vena cava filter implant, a peritoneal dialysis catheter implant, a central nervous system shunt, an intraocular lens, an implant for glaucoma drainage, a penile implant, an endotracheal tube, a tracheostomy tube, a gastrointestinal device, and a spinal implant.

L26 ANSWER 9 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:208532 USPATFULL

TITLE: Implantable sensors and implantable pumps and

anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005181010 A1 20050818

APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-1789 A1 20041201 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996352, filed on 22

Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

	NUMBER	DATE		
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P US 2004-578471P	20040709	, ,	
,	US 2003-526541P	20031203		<
	US 2003-525226P US 2003-523908P	20031124 20031120	(60) (60)	<
	US 2003-524023P	20031120	(60)	<

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1-296

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)
LINE COUNT: 15014

AB

Pumps and sensors for contact with tissue are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to

inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the pumps and sensors are

implanted within an animal.

L26 ANSWER 10 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:208531 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Implantable sensors and implantable pumps and

anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2005181009 A1 20050818 US 2004-1787 A1 20041201 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996352, filed on 22 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) <--US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <--<--Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US 110 1-570

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 15035

AR Pumps and sensors for contact with tissue are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to

inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the pumps and sensors are implanted within an animal.

L26 ANSWER 11 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:208530 USPATFULL

TITLE: Medical implants and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005181008 A1 20050818 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-1786 A1 20041202 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 178 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-4736

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 28 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 56377

Implants are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal. The agent may be any suitable anti-scarring agent, e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor, and may be used in conjunction with a second pharmaceutical agent, e.g., an antibiotic. Suitable implants include intravascular implants, a vascular graft or wrap implant, an implant for hemodialysis access, an implant that provides an anastomotic connection, ventricular assist implant, a prosthetic heart valve implant, an inferior vena cava filter implant, a peritoneal dialysis catheter implant, a central nervous system shunt, an intraocular lens, an implant for glaucoma drainage, a penile implant, an endotracheal tube, a tracheostomy tube, a gastrointestinal device, and a spinal implant.

L26 ANSWER 12 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:208529 USPATFULL

TITLE: Soft tissue implants and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA
Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

	NUMBER KIND DATE
PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	US 2005181007 A1 20050818 US 2004-1415 A1 20041130 (11) Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996353, filed on 22 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING
	NUMBER DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) < US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) < US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) < US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility -
FILE SEGMENT: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	APPLICATION SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: LINE COUNT:	126 1-444 32 Drawing Page(s) 12675
AB Soft tissue impinasal implants)	lants (e.g., breast, pectoral, chin, facial, lip, and are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in the scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is
L26 ANSWER 13 OF 69 RACCESSION NUMBER:	USPATFULL on STN 2005:208527 USPATFULL
TITLE:	Implantable sensors and implantable pumps and
INVENTOR(S):	anti-scarring agents Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND, 6304 (non-U.S. corporation)
	NUMBER KIND DATE
PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	US 2005181005 A1 20050818 US 2004-6901 A1 20041207 (11) Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996352, filed on 22 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING
	NUMBER DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) < US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) <
	DOUBLE DOUBLE (00)

US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

112 1-2510

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

15035

AB

Pumps and sensors for contact with tissue are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to

inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the pumps and sensors are

implanted within an animal.

L26 ANSWER 14 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:208526 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Intravascular devices and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Guan, Dechi, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005181004 A1 20050818 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-6289 A1 20041207 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986450, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60)
US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60)
US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60)
US 2004-582833P 20040624 (60)
US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)
US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: <--<--Utility

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 1-540

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

12981

Intravascular devices (e.g., stents, stent grafts, covered stents, aneurysm coils, embolic agents and drug delivery catheters and balloons) are used in combination with fibrosing agents in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or to promote fibrosis betweent the devices and the host tissues. Compositions and methods are described for use in the treatment of aneurysms and unstable arterial (vulnerable) plaque.

L26 ANSWER 15 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:205930 USPATFULL

TITLE: Polymer compositions and methods for their

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

> Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA Takacs-Cox, Aniko, North Vancouver, CANADA

Avelar, Rui, Vancouver, CANADA

Loss, Troy A. E., North Vancouver, CANADA

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005178396 A1 20050818 US 2004-6905 A1 20041207 (11)

APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996354, filed on 22 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-611077P 20040917 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60)
US 2004-566569P 20040428 (60)
US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60)
US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60)
US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) <--<--<--

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 50 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-8063

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 33965

AB Compositions comprising anti-fibrotic agent(s) and/or polymeric compositions can be used in various medical applications including the prevention of surgical adhesions, treatment of inflammatory arthritis, treatment of scars and keloids, the treatment of vascular disease, and

the prevention of cartilage loss.

L26 ANSWER 16 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:205929 USPATFULL

TITLE: Polymer compositions and methods for their

use

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Takacs-Cox, Aniko, North Vancouver, CANADA

Avelar, Rui, Vancouver, CANADA

Loss, Troy A. E., North Vancouver, CANADA

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE ______ PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005178395 A1 20050818 US 2004-6900 A1 20041207 (11) APPLICATION INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996354, filed on 22 RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----US 2004-611077P 20040917 (60)
US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60)
US 2004-566569P 20040428 (60)
US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60)
US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60)
US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: <--<--

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 58

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-7302

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 34043

AB Compositions comprising anti-fibrotic agent(s) and/or polymeric compositions can be used in various medical applications including the

prevention of surgical adhesions, treatment of inflammatory arthritis, treatment of scars and keloids, the treatment of vascular disease, and

the prevention of cartilage loss.

L26 ANSWER 17 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:203799 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Medical implants and anti-scarring agents INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver; CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND, CH PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE PATENT INFORMATION: -----US 2005177225 A1 20050811 US 2004-6895 A1 20041207 (11) APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) · US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 173 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-11788

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 28 Drawing Page(s)
LINE COUNT: 56371

Implants are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to AB inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal. The agent may be any suitable anti-scarring agent, e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor, and may be used in conjunction with a second pharmaceutical agent, e.g., an antibiotic. Suitable implants include intravascular implants, a vascular graft or wrap implant, an implant for hemodialysis access, an implant that provides an anastomotic connection, ventricular assist implant, a prosthetic heart valve implant, an inferior vena cava filter implant, a peritoneal dialysis catheter implant, a central nervous system shunt, an intraocular lens, an implant for glaucoma drainage, a penile implant, an endotracheal tube, a tracheostomy tube, a gastrointestinal device, and a spinal implant.

L26 ANSWER 18 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:203677 USPATFULL

TITLE: Intravascular devices and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA

Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Guan, Dechi, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005177103 A1 20050811 US 2004-6314 A1 20041207 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: 20041207 RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986450, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) <--PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <--<--US 2004-582833P 20040624 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 89 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-705

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 12990

'AB Intravascular devices (e.g., stents, stent grafts, covered stents, aneurysm coils, embolic agents and drug delivery catheters and balloons) are used in combination with fibrosing agents in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or to promote fibrosis betweent the devices and the host tissues. Compositions and methods are described for use in the treatment of aneurysms and unstable arterial (vulnerable) plaque.

L26 ANSWER 19 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:202285 USPATFULL

TITLE: Polymer compositions and methods for their

INVENTOR (S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA Takacs-Cox, Aniko, North Vancouver, CANADA

Avelar, Rui, Vancouver, CANADA

Loss, Troy A.E., North Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE _______ US 2005175703 Al 20050811 US 2004-6888 Al 20041207 (11) Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996354, filed on 22 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-611077P 20040917 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-566569P 20040428 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) <--US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) <--US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-7576

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 33992

Compositions comprising anti-fibrotic agent(s) and/or polymeric compositions can be used in various medical applications including the prevention of surgical adhesions, treatment of inflammatory arthritis, treatment of scars and keloids, the treatment of vascular disease, and the prevention of cartilage loss.

L26 ANSWER 20 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:202247 USPATFULL

TITLE: Polymer compositions and methods for their

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

> Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA Takacs-Cox, Aniko, North Vancouver, CANADA

Avelar, Rui, Vancouver, CANADA

Loss, Troy A. E., North Vancouver, CANADA

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

corporation)

DATE NUMBER KIND US 2005175665 A1 20050811 US 2004-6896 A1 20041207 (11) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996354, filed on 22

Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE US 2004-611077P 20040917 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-566569P 20040428 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) <---<--

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 51 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-7822

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 33978

AB Compositions comprising anti-fibrotic agent(s) and/or polymeric compositions can be used in various medical applications including the prevention of surgical adhesions, treatment of inflammatory arthritis, treatment of scars and keloids, the treatment of vascular disease, and the prevention of cartilage loss.

L26 ANSWER 21 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:202246 USPATFULL

TITLE: Implantable sensors and implantable pumps and

anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 2005175664 A1 US 2004-4672 A1 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: 20050811

20041202 (11)

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996352, filed on 22 RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60)

US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) <--US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility. FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US 109 1-851

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 15038

Pumps and sensors for contact with tissue are used in combination with

an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to

inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the pumps and sensors are

implanted within an animal.

L26 ANSWER 22 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:202245 USPATFULL

TITLE: Medical implants and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR (S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2005175663 A1 US 2004-1791 A1 20050811 APPLICATION INFO.: 20041202 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC. 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 180 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-3944

28 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT: 56451

AB Implants are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal. The agent may be any suitable anti-scarring agent, e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor, and may be used in conjunction with a second pharmaceutical agent, e.g., an antibiotic. Suitable implants include intravascular implants, a vascular graft or wrap implant, an implant for hemodialysis access, an implant that provides an anastomotic connection, ventricular assist implant, a prosthetic heart valve implant, an inferior vena cava filter implant, a peritoneal dialysis catheter implant, a central nervous system shunt, an intraocular lens, an implant for glaucoma drainage, a penile implant, an endotracheal tube, a tracheostomy tube, a gastrointestinal device, and a spinal implant.

L26 ANSWER 23 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:202244 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Intravascular devices and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA Guan, Dechi, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005175662 A1 20050811 US 2004-451 A1 20041129 (11) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986450, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

		NUMBER	R DATE		
PRIORITY	INFORMATION:	US 2003-51878	35P 20031110	(60)	<
		US 2003-52390	08P 20031120	(60)	<
		US 2003-52402	23P 20031120	(60)	<
		US 2004-58283	33P 20040624	(60)	
		US 2004-57847	71P 20040609	(60)	
		US 2004-58686	S1P 20040709	(60)	
DOCUMENT	TYPE:	Utility			

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 25 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-1120

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

AB Intravascular devices (e.g., stents, stent grafts, covered stents, aneurysm coils, embolic agents and drug delivery catheters and balloons) are used in combination with fibrosing agents in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or to promote fibrosis betweent the devices and the host tissues. Compositions and methods are described for use in the treatment of aneurysms and unstable arterial (vulnerable) plaque.

L26 ANSWER 24 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:202243 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Intravascular devices and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR (S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Guan, Dechi, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-999205 AT 20041129 (10)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986450, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 54 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-195

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 12893

AB Intravascular devices (e.g., stents, stent grafts, covered stents, aneurysm coils, embolic agents and drug delivery catheters and balloons) are used in combination with fibrosing agents in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or to promote fibrosis betweent the devices and the host tissues. Compositions and methods are described for use in the treatment of aneurysms and unstable arterial (vulnerable) plaque.

L26 ANSWER 25 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:202239 USPATFULL

TITLE: Medical implants and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA

Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CA, UNITED STATES

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005175657 A1 20050811 US 2004-4673 A1 20041202 (11)

APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility APPLICATION

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 49
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-91
NUMBER OF DRAWING: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

15 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

42820

ΔR Implants are used in combination with a fibrosis-inducing agent in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or increase fibrosis between the implant and the host tissue.

L26 ANSWER 26 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:195820 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Implantable sensors and implantable pumps and

anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005169961 A1 20050804 US 2004-4675 A1 20041202 (11) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996352, filed on 22 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <--<--

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US 118 LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-1941

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)
LINE COUNT: 15062

Pumps and sensors for contact with tissue are used in combination with

an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to

inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the pumps and sensors are

implanted within an animal.

L26 ANSWER 27 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

2005:195819 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: Implantable sensors and implantable pumps and

anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND, 6304

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005169960 A1 20050804 US 2004-4671 A1 20041202 (11) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996352, filed on 22

Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) <--US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <--DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 110
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-3328

32 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT: 15057

Pumps and sensors for contact with tissue are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to

inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the pumps and sensors are

implanted within an animal.

L26 ANSWER 28 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:195818 USPATFULL

Medical implants and fibrosis-inducing agents TITLE:

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA INVENTOR(S): Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE PATENT INFORMATION: -----US 2005169959 A1 20050804 US 2004-1421 A1 20041201 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: <--<--

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

AVENYUE, SUITE 630
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 66
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-493
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 15 Drawing Page(s)
LINE COUNT: 15682

LINE COUNT: 15682

AB Implants are used in combination with a fibrosis-inducing agent in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or increase fibrosis between the implant and the

host tissue.

L26 ANSWER 29 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:195817 USPATFULL

Medical implants and fibrosis-inducing agents TITLE:

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA INVENTOR(S): Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND, 6304

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005169958 A1 20050804 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-1420 A1 20041201 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

	NOV 2004, PENDING
	NUMBER DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	Utility APPLICATION
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: LINE COUNT:	159 1-729 15 Drawing Page(s) 43012
to induce fibros	d in combination with a fibrosis-inducing agent in order is that may otherwise not occur when the implant is animal or increase fibrosis between the implant and the
L26 ANSWER 30 OF 69 U. ACCESSION NUMBER: TITLE: INVENTOR(S):	2005:190568 USPATFULL Medical implants and anti-scarring agents Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWEDEN (non-U.S. corporation)
	NUMBER KIND DATE
PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	US 2005165488 A1 20050728 US 2004-6912 A1 20041207 (11) Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING
	NUMBER DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:	US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) Utility APPLICATION
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US
NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	176 1-3153 28 Drawing Page(s)

Searched by Mary Jane Ruhl Ext. 22524

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 28 Drawing Page(s)

.56407

LINE COUNT:

Implants are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal. The agent may be any suitable anti-scarring agent, e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor, and may be used in conjunction with a second pharmaceutical agent, e.g., an antibiotic. Suitable implants include intravascular implants, a vascular graft or wrap implant, an implant for hemodialysis access, an implant that provides an anastomotic connection, ventricular assist implant, a prosthetic heart valve implant, an inferior vena cava filter implant, a peritoneal dialysis catheter implant, a central nervous system shunt, an intraocular lens, an implant for glaucoma drainage, a penile implant, an endotracheal tube, a tracheostomy tube, a gastrointestinal device, and a spinal implant.

L26 ANSWER 31 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:190547 USPATFULL

TITLE: Intravascular devices and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA
Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA

Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Guan, Dechi, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND, 6304

(non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 200516546	7 A1	20050728	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-6048	A1	20041207	(1

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986450, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

	NUMBER	DATE	
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-518785P	20031110 (60)	
	US 2003-523908P	20031120 (60)	
	US 2003-524023P	20031120 (60)	
	US 2004-582833P	20040624 (60)	
	US 2004-578471P	20040609 (60)	
	US 2004-586861P	20040709 (60)	
DOGUNATUR MUIDO			

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 111 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-1241

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 13096

AB Intravascular devices (e.g., stents, stent grafts, covered stents, aneurysm coils, embolic agents and drug delivery catheters and balloons) are used in combination with fibrosing agents in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or to promote fibrosis betweent the devices and the host tissues. Compositions and methods are described for use in the treatment of aneurysms and unstable arterial (vulnerable) plaque.

L26 ANSWER 32 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:182973 USPATFULL

TITLE: Implantable sensors and implantable pumps and

anti-scarring agents Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA INVENTOR (S):

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005158356 A1 20050721 US 2004-996352 A1 20041122 (10) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed RELATED APPLN. INFO.: on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) <--US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) <--US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <--<--

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 117 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

32 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT: 15058

AB Pumps and sensors for contact with tissue are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the pumps and sensors are

implanted within an animal.

L26 ANSWER 33 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:182891 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Medical implants and fibrosis-inducing agents INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE US 2005158274 A1 20050721 US 2004-6902 A1 20041207 (11) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10

	m ·
	Nov 2004, PENDING
	NUMBER DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60)
	US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60)
	US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60)
	US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60)
	US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	
FILE SEGMENT:	
	SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH
	AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	
LINE COUNT:	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILAB	
	d in combination with a fibrosis-inducing agent in order
to induce fibros	is that may otherwise not occur when the implant is
placed within an	animal or increase fibrosis between the implant and the
host tissue.	
	•
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILAE	LE FOR THIS PATENT.
L26 ANSWER 34 OF 69 U	SPATFULL on STN

1.26	ANGWED	7.4	\cap F	69	USPATFULL on	CTN

2005:178373 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: Intravascular devices and fibrosis-inducing agents

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA INVENTOR(S):

Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Guan, Dechi, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	US 2005154454 US 2004-6290 Continuation of Nov 2004, PENDI	Al Ser. No	20050714 20041207 (11) . US 2004-986450	, filed on 10

	NUMBER	DATE		
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-518785P	20031110	(60)	<
	US 2003-523908P	20031120	(60)	<
	US 2003-524023P	20031120	(60)	<
	US 2004-582833P	20040624	(60)	
	US 2004-586861P	20040709	(60)	
	US 2004-578471P	20040609	(60)	
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility	-		
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION		1	
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	SEED INTELLECTUAL	PROPERTY I	AW GROUP PL	LC, 701 FIFTH
	AVENYUE, SUITE 630	00, SEATTLE	E, WA, 98104	-7092, US
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	111			•
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1-995			

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

13237

AB

Intravascular devices (e.g., stents, stent grafts, covered stents, aneurysm coils, embolic agents and drug delivery catheters and balloons) are used in combination with fibrosing agents in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or to promote fibrosis betweent the devices and the host

tissues. Compositions and methods are described for use in the treatment of aneurysms and unstable arterial (vulnerable) plaque.

L26 ANSWER 35 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:178372 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Intravascular devices and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Guan, Dechi, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005154453 A1, 20050714 US 2004-461 A1 20041129 (11) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986450, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: <--<--US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <--US 2004-582833P 20040624 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

28 1-870

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

12830

Intravascular devices (e.g., stents, stent grafts, covered stents, aneurysm coils, embolic agents and drug delivery catheters and balloons) are used in combination with fibrosing agents in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or to promote fibrosis betweent the devices and the host tissues. Compositions and methods are described for use in the treatment of aneurysms and unstable arterial (vulnerable) plaque.

L26 ANSWER 36 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:178364 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Intravascular devices and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Guan, Dechi, Vancouver, CANADA

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005154445 A1 20050714 US 2004-6266 A1 20041207 (11) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986450, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

DATE NUMBER -----US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: <--<--<--US 2004-582833P 20040624 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

AVEI 114 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1-14/9
22 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT: 13066

Intravascular devices (e.g., stents, stent grafts, covered stents, aneurysm coils, embolic agents and drug delivery catheters and balloons) are used in combination with fibrosing agents in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or to promote fibrosis betweent the devices and the host tissues. Compositions and methods are described for use in the treatment of aneurysms and unstable arterial (vulnerable) plaque.

L26 ANSWER 37 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:178293 USPATFULL

TITLE: Implantable sensors and implantable pumps and

anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vacouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005154374 A1 20050714 US 2004-6882 A1 20041207 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: 20041207 (11)

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996352, filed on 22 RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

	NUMBER	DATE		
•				
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P	20040709	(60)	
	US 2004-578471P	20040609	(60)	
	US 2003-526541P	20031203	(60)	<
	US 2003-525226P	20031124	(60)	<
	US 2003-523908P	20031120	(60)	<
	US 2003-524023P	20031120	(60)	<
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility			
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION			

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 112 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-2240

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 15052

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Pumps and sensors for contact with tissue are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the pumps and sensors are implanted within an animal.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 38 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:176868 USPATFULL

TITLE: Soft tissue implants and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	\
PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	US 2005152948 US 2004-7838 Continuation of Nov 2004, PENDIN 2004-986231, fil	A1 A1 Ser. No NG Contin Led on 10	20050714 20041207 . US 2004- nuation-in 0 Nov 2004	996353, filed on 22 -part of Ser. No. US , PENDING
	Continuation-in-	-part of	Ser. No.	US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

	NUMBER	DATÉ	
	·		
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P	20040709	(60)
	US 2004-578471P	20040609	(60)
	US 2003-526541P	20031203	(60)
	US 2003-525226P	20031124	(60)
	US 2003-523908P	20031120	(60)
	US 2003-524023P	20031120	(60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility		
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION		

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 96 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-2174

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s) LINE COUNT: 12627

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Soft tissue implants (e.g., breast, pectoral, chin, facial, lip, and nasal implants) are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 39 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:176867 USPATFULL

TITLE: Soft tissue implants and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005152947 A1 20050714 US 2004-6903 A1 20041207 (11) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996353, filed on 22

Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) <--US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) <--US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, '98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 96 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-1742

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s) LINE COUNT: 12637

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT:

Soft tissue implants (e.g., breast, pectoral, chin, facial, lip, and nasal implants) are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 40 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:176866 USPATFULL

Implantable sensors and implantable pumps and TITLE:

anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR (S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005152946 A1 US 2004-6894 A1 PATENT INFORMATION: 20050714

APPLICATION INFO.: 20041207

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996352, filed on 22 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) <--US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <--<---

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 112 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-1126

32 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT: 15056

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Pumps and sensors for contact with tissue are used in combination with

an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to

inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the pumps and sensors are

implanted within an animal.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 41 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:176865 USPATFULL

TITLE: Soft tissue implants and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA

Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE US 2005152945 A1 20050714 US 2004-6887 A1 20041207 (11) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996353, filed on 22

Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

			NUMBER	DATE		
PRIORITY I	NFORMATION:	US 2004	-586861P ·	20040709	(60)	
		US 2004	-578471P	20040609	(60)	
		US 2003	-526541P	20031203	(60)	<
		US 2003	-525226P	20031124	(60)	<
		US 2003	-523908P	20031120	(60)	<
		US 2003	-524023P	20031120	(60)	<
DOCUMENT T	YDE.	IItility				

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 96 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-1310

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 12592

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Soft tissue implants (e.g., breast, pectoral, chin, facial, lip, and nasal implants) are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 42 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:176864 USPATFULL

TITLE: Soft tissue implants and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

•	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005152944	A1	20050714	(11)
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-6881	A1	20041207	

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-996353, filed on 22

Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed

on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

		NUMBER	DATE			
PRIORITY INFORM	 	3 2004-586861P	20040709	(60)		
		3 2001 5000011 3 2004-578471P	20040709			
	US	3 2003-526541P	20031203	(60)		<
	US	S 2003-525226P	20031124	(60)		<
	US	3 2003-523908P	20031120	(60)		<
	US	3 2003-524023P	20031120	(60)		<
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Ut	cility			•	

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

96 1-878

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

12628

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Soft tissue implants (e.g., breast, pectoral, chin, facial, lip, and nasal implants) are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is

placed within an animal.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 43 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:176861 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Soft tissue implants and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

		NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US	2005152941	A1	20050714	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US	2004-996353	A1	20041122	(10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

	NUMBER	DATE		
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P	20040709	(60)	
	US 2004-578471P	20040609	(60)	
	US 2003-526541P	20031203	(60)	. <
	US 2003-525226P	20031124	(60)	· <
	US 2003-523908P	20031120	(60)	<
	US 2003-524023P	20031120	(60)	<
DOCUMENT MILES				

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 132

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

12685

AB Soft tissue implants (e.g., breast, pectoral, chin, facial, lip, and nasal implants) are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal.

L26 ANSWER 44 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:172426 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Intravascular devices and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Guan, Dechi, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005149175 A1 20050707 US 2004-7719 A1 20041207 (11) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986450, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) US 2004-582833P 20040624 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: <--<--

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-13
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS 1-1360

22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 13090

Intravascular devices (e.g., stents, stent grafts, covered stents, AB aneurysm coils, embolic agents and drug delivery catheters and balloons) are used in combination with fibrosing agents in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or to promote fibrosis betweent the devices and the host tissues. Compositions and methods are described for use in the treatment of aneurysms and unstable arterial (vulnerable) plaque.

L26 ANSWER 45 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:172424 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Intravascular devices and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA

Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA Guan, Dechi, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE US 2005149173 A1 20050707 US 2004-986450 A1 20041110 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE

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PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) <--
US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) <--
US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) <--
US 2004-582833P 20040624 (60)
US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60)
US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)
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DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 49
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 22 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 12876

AB Intravascular devices (e.g., stents, stent grafts, covered stents, aneurysm coils, embolic agents and drug delivery catheters and balloons) are used in combination with fibrosing agents in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or to promote fibrosis betweent the devices and the host tissues. Compositions and methods are described for use in the treatment of aneurysms and unstable arterial (vulnerable) plaque.

L26 ANSWER 46 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:172409 USPATFULL

TITLE: Medical implants and anti-scarring agents
INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA
Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA
Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA
Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60)
US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60)
US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60)
US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60)
US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60)
US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60)
US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 178 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-274

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 28 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 56404

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Implants are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal. The agent may be any suitable anti-scarring agent, e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor, and may be used in conjunction with a second pharmaceutical agent, e.g., an antibiotic. Suitable implants include intravascular implants, a vascular graft or wrap implant, an implant for hemodialysis access, an implant that provides an anastomotic connection, ventricular assist implant, a prosthetic heart valve implant, an inferior vena cava filter implant, a peritoneal dialysis catheter implant, a central nervous system shunt, an intraocular lens, an implant for glaucoma drainage, a penile implant, an endotracheal tube, a tracheostomy tube, a gastrointestinal device, and a spinal implant.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 47 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:172408 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Electrical devices and anti-scarring agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005149157	A1	20050707	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-996355	A1	20041122	(:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10 Nov 2004, PENDING

	NUMBER	DATE		
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P	20040709	(60)	
	US 2004-578471P	20040609	(60)	
	US 2003-526541P	20031203	(60)	<
	US 2003-525226P	20031124	(60)	<
	US 2003-523908P	20031120	(60)	<
	US 2003-524023P	20031120	(60)	<
DOCUMENT TYPE:	IItility			

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

111

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 3

32 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 14769

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Electrical devices (e.g., cardiac rhythm management and neurostimulation devices) for contact with tissue are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent (e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor) in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the devices are implanted within an animal.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 48 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:172331 USPATFULL

Medical implants and anti-scarring agents TITLE:

INVENTOR (S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA

Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005149080 A1 20050707 US 2004-1418 A1 20041130

APPLICATION INFO.: 20041130 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986231, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) US 2003-526541P 20031203 (60) US 2003-525226P 20031124 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 178 1-806 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 28 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 56418

Implants are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to AB inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal. The agent may be any suitable anti-scarring agent, e.g., a cell cycle inhibitor, and may be used in conjunction with a second pharmaceutical agent, e.g., an antibiotic. Suitable implants include intravascular implants, a vascular graft or wrap implant, an implant for hemodialysis access, an implant that provides an anastomotic connection, ventricular assist implant, a prosthetic heart valve implant, an inferior vena cava filter implant, a peritoneal dialysis catheter implant, a central nervous system shunt, an intraocular lens, an implant for glaucoma drainage, a penile implant, an endotracheal tube, a tracheostomy tube, a gastrointestinal device, and a spinal implant.

L26 ANSWER 49 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:171763 USPATFULL

TITLE: Medical implants and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA

Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005148512 A1 20050707

APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-986230 A1 20041110 (10)

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 15

15 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

42883

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Implants are used in combination with a fibrosis-inducing agent in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or increase fibrosis between the implant and the

host tissue.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 50 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:170896 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Medical implants and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

 DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 109

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-1437

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 15 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 43024 LINE COUNT: 43024

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Implants are used in combination with a fibrosis-inducing agent in order

to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or increase fibrosis between the implant and the

host tissue.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 51 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:170852 USPATFULL

TITLE: Medical implants and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S): Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA

Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----PATENT INFORMATION: US 2005147599 A1 20050707 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2004-6889 A1 20041207 (11)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 108
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-1555
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 15 Drawing Page(s)
43016

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Implants are used in combination with a fibrosis-inducing agent in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or increase fibrosis between the implant and the host tissue.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 52 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:170815 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Medical implants and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA

Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2005147562 A1 20050707 US 2004-6886 A1 20041207 (11) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

NUMBER DATE US 2003-518785P 20031110 (60) US 2003-523908P 20031120 (60) US 2003-524023P 20031120 (60) US 2004-586861P 20040709 (60) US 2004-578471P 20040609 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH

AVENYUE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092, US

109 1-1201 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

WINGS: 15 Drawing Page(s) LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Implants are used in combination with a fibrosis-inducing agent in order to induce fibrosis that may otherwise not occur when the implant is placed within an animal or increase fibrosis between the implant and the

host tissue.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 53 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2005:164739 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Medical implants and fibrosis-inducing agents

INVENTOR(S):

Hunter, William L., Vancouver, CANADA Gravett, David M., Vancouver, CANADA Toleikis, Philip M., Vancouver, CANADA

Maiti, Arpita, Vancouver, CANADA Signore, Pierre E., Vancouver, CANADA Liggins, Richard T., Coquitlam, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Angiotech International AG, Zug, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S.

corporation) .

NUMBER KIND DATE ______ US 2005142163 A1 20050630 US 2004-1422 A1 20041201 (11) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2004-986230, filed on 10

Nov 2004, PENDING

	NUMBER	DATE	
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	UC 2002 F1070FD	20021110 (60)	_
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2003-518785P	20031110 (60)	<
	IIS 2003-523908F	20031120 (60)	<
	US 2003-523908P US 2003-524023P US 2004-586861P	20031120 (60)	
	US 2004-578471P	20040609 (60)	
DOCUMENT TYPE:	IItility		
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	SEED INTELLECTUAL	PROPERTY LAW GROUP	PLLC, 701 FIFTH
FILE SEGMENT: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	AVENYUE, SUITE 63	00, SEATTLE, WA, 981	.04-7092, US
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	287		
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: LINE COUNT:	34720	,	
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILAR			
		ith a fibrosis-induc	ing agent in order
		ise not occur when t	
	animal or increas	e fibrosis between t	he implant and the
host tissue.			
	7 P POD MILLE DAMENIM		
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILAE	BLE FOR THIS PATENT	•	
L26 ANSWER 54 OF 69 U	ISPATELLI, on STN		
ACCESSION NUMBER:	2005:164738 USPA	TFULL	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	nts and anti-scarrin	g agents
TITLE: INVENTOR(S):	Hunter, William L	., Vancouver, CANADA	
		, Vancouver, CANADA	
		M., Vancouver, CANAD	A
DAMENIM ACCIONED (C)	Maiti, Arpita, Va		
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):		tional AG, Zug, SWIT	ZERLAND (non-U.S.
	corporation)		
	NUMBER	KIND DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2005142162	A1 20050630 A1 20041201 (11	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2004-1416	A1 20041201 (11)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-pa	art of Ser. No. US 2	004-986231, filed
		ENDING Continuation-	
	NO. US 2004-98623	0, filed on 10 Nov 2	004, PENDING
	NUMBER	DATE	
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2004-586861P	20040709 (60)	
	US 2004-578471P		
	US 2003-526541P	· · · · ·	<
	US 2003-524023P	20031120 (60)	<
	US 2003-523908P	20031120 (60)	<
DOCUMENT TYPE:	US 2003-525226P Utility	20031124 (60)	<
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION		
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:		PROPERTY LAW GROUP	PLLC, 701 FIFTH
		00, SEATTLE, WA, 981	
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	117		•
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1-4334		
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS.	32 Drawing Dage/g	1	

12679 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT:

32 Drawing Page(s)

AB Soft tissue implants (e.g., breast, pectoral, chin, facial, lip, and nasal implants) are used in combination with an anti-scarring agent in order to inhibit scarring that may otherwise occur when the implant is placed within an animal.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 55 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:93321 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods for controlling the viscosity of

polymer-based tissue sealants and adhesives
INVENTOR(S): Wilkie, James, Melrose, MA, UNITED STATES

Wilkie, James, Melrose, MA, UNITED STATES
Rolke, James, Fitzwilliam, NH, UNITED STATES
Burzio, Luis, Mountain Top, PA, UNITED STATES
Tammishetti, Shekharam, Secunderabad, INDIA

Pendharkar, Sanyog Manohar, Oldbridge, NJ, UNITED

STATES

Pashkovski, Eugene, Bridgewater, NJ, UNITED STATES

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Dr. James Wilkie, Surgical Sealants, Inc., 150 New

Boston Street, Woburn, MA, 01801, US

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 9
EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1-167
LINE COUNT: 2339

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides methods and compositions that are useful for adhering biological and/or synthetic tissues, sealing fluid and/or gaseous leaks in biological and/or synthetic tissues, and preparing implants useful for delivery of a bioactive molecule such as a drug, for bulking applications, or for tissue prostheses. The present invention also relates to bio-erodable adhesive or occluding compositions and methods of using the same.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 56 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:44228 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and compositions for sealing tissue

leaks

INVENTOR(S): Rolke, James, Fitzwilliam, NH, UNITED STATES

Burzio, Luis, Mountain Top, PA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: US 2005037960 A1 20050217 US 2003-675460 A1 20030930 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 2000-747293, filed on 22 Dec 2000, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO

1999-US14232, filed on 23 Jun 1999, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

-----PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1999-171859P 19991222 (60)

US 2000-199469P 20000425 (60) <--US 1998-90609P 19980623 (60) <--

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Dr. James Wilkie, Surgical Sealants, Inc., 150 New

Boston Street, Woburn, MA, 01801

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: CLM-1-167

LINE COUNT: 2397

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides methods and compositions that are

useful for adhering biological and/or synthetic tissues, sealing fluid

and/or gaseous leaks in biological and/or synthetic tissues, and

preparing implants useful for delivery of a bioactive molecule such as a drug, for bulking applications, or for tissue prostheses. The present

invention also relates to bio-erodable adhesive or occluding compositions and methods of using the same.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 57 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:221968 USPATFULL

TITLE: Systems and methods for controlling and

forming polymer gels

INVENTOR(S): Ruberti, Jeffrey W., Lexington, MA, UNITED STATES

Braithwaite, Gavin J. C., Cambridge, MA, UNITED STATES

Cambridge Polymer Group, Inc., Boston, MA (U.S. PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

-----PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2004171740 A1 20040902 US 2004-771852 A1 20040204 APPLICATION INFO.: 20040204 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-631491, filed

on 31 Jul 2003, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2002-400899P 20020802 (60) <---

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MONICA GREWAL, ESQ., BOWDITCH & DEWEY, LLP, 161

Worcester Road, P.O. Box 9320, Framingham, MA,

01701-9320

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 133 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 31 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2925

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

In preferred embodiments, the present invention provides methods

of controllably making a vinyl polymer hydrogel having desired physical properties without chemical cross links or radiation. The gelation process is modulated by controlling, for example, the temperature of a resultant vinyl polymer mixture having a gellant or using active ingredients provided in an inactive gellant complex. In accordance with a preferred embodiment, the method of manufacturing a vinyl polymer hyrodgel includes the steps of providing a vinyl polymer solution comprising a vinyl polymer dissolved in a first solvent; heating the vinyl polymer solution to a temperature elevated above the melting point of the physical associations of the vinyl polymer, mixing the vinyl polymer solution with a gellant, wherein the resulting mixture has a higher Flory interaction parameter than the vinyl polymer solution; inducing gelation of the mixture of vinyl polymer solution and gellant; and controlling the gelation rate to form a viscoelastic solution, wherein workability is maintained for a predetermined period, thereby making a vinyl polymer hydrogel having the desired physical property. In further preferred embodiments, the present invention provides physically crosslinked hydrogels produced by controlled gelation of viscoelastic solution wherein workability is maintained for a predetermined period. In another aspect, the present invention provides kits for use in repairing intervertebral disks or articulated joints including components that form the vinyl polymer hydrogel and a dispenser.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 58 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:95302 USPATFULL

TITLE: Primers for use with tissue sealants and adhesives and

methods for using the same

INVENTOR(S): Wilkie, James, Melrose, MA, UNITED STATES

Rolke, James, Fitzwilliam, NH, UNITED STATES Burzio, Luis, Mountain Top, PA, UNITED STATES Tammishetti, Shekharam, Secunderabad, INDIA

Pendharkar, Sanyog Manohar, Oldbridge, NJ, UNITED

STATES

Pashkovski, Eugene, Bridgewater, NJ, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	US 2004072756 US 2003-674605	A1 A1 No. US ntinuat:	20040415 20030930 2000-7472 ion-in-par	93, filed on 22 Dec t of Ser. No. WO

	1999-0314232, Tiled Oil 23 Dull 1999, PENDING					
	NUMBER	DATE				
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 1999-171859P	19991222 (60)	<			
	US 2000-199469P	20000425 (60)	<			
	US 1998-90609P	19980623 (60)	<			
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility					
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION					
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	TESTA, HURWITZ &	THIBEAULT, LLP. H	HIGH STREET TOWER, 125			
	HIGH STREET, BOST					
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	167	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1					

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

2883

LINE COUNT:

AB The invention provides methods and compositions that are useful for adhering biological and/or synthetic tissues, sealing fluid and/or gaseous leaks in biological and/or synthetic tissues, and preparing implants useful for delivery of a bioactive molecule such as a drug, for bulking applications, or for tissue prostheses. The present invention also relates to bio-erodable adhesive or occluding compositions and methods of using the same.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 59 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:83157 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and compositions for sealing tissue

leaks

INVENTOR(S): Rolke, James, Fitzwilliam, NH, UNITED STATES Burzio, Luis, Mountain Top, PA, UNITED STATES

Pashkovski, Eugene, Bridgewater, NJ, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2004063613 A1 20040401 US 2003-675407 A1 20030930 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 2000-747293, filed on 22 Dec

2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO

1999-US14232, filed on 23 Jun 1999, PENDING

NUMBER DATE -----US 1999-171859P 19991222 (60) US 2000-199469P 20000425 (60) US 1998-90609P 19980623 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: <--<--DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: TESTA, HURWITZ & THIBEAULT, LLP, HIGH STREET TOWER, 125

HIGH STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 167 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 LINE COUNT: 2881

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides methods and compositions that are AB useful for adhering biological and/or synthetic tissues, sealing fluid and/or gaseous leaks in biological and/or synthetic tissues, and preparing implants useful for delivery of a bioactive molecule such as a drug, for bulking applications, or for tissue prostheses. The present invention also relates to bio-erodable adhesive or occluding

compositions and methods of using the same.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 60 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:295287 USPATFULL

TITLE: Rapid-gelling biocompatible polymer composition and

associated methods of preparation and use

INVENTOR(S): Wallace, Donald G., Menlo Park, CA, UNITED STATES

Cruise, Gregory M., Fremont, CA, UNITED STATES Rhee, Woonza M., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES

Schroeder, Jacqueline Anne, Boulder Creek, CA, UNITED

STATES

Coker, George T., III, Castro Valley, CA, UNITED STATES

Maroney, Marcee M., Portola Valley, CA, UNITED STATES Trollsas, Olof Mikael, Los Gatos, CA, UNITED STATES

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002165337			<
	US 6624245			
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-12263	A1	20011105	(10)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation-in-	part of	Ser. No.	US 1999-293708, filed
	on 16 Apr 1999,	GRANTED	, Pat. No.	US 6312725
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility			
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION			
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	REED & ASSOCIATE	S, 800 I	MENLO AVEN	UE, SUITE 210, MENLO
	PARK, CA, 94025			
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	86			
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	1			
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	4 Drawing Page(s	:)		
LINE COUNT:	2862			
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILAE	LE FOR THIS PATEN	IT.		'
AB A method is prov	rided for the rapi	d format	tion of a	
				i.e., at a selected

site within a patient's body. The method involves admixing a biocompatible crosslinking component A having m sulfhydryl groups wherein m≥2 and a biocompatible crosslinking component B having n sulfhydryl-reactive groups wherein n≥2 and m+n>4, wherein the sulfhydryl-reactive groups are capable of covalent reaction with the sulfhydryl groups upon admixture of the components under effective crosslinking conditions to form a gel in less than one minute. Suitable reaction conditions for carrying out the crosslinking reaction will depend on the particular components and the type of reaction involved; that is, the "effective crosslinking conditions" may involve reaction in bulk or in a solvent, addition of a base, and/or irradiation of the admixture in the presence of a free radical initiator. Exemplary uses include tissue augmentation, biologically active agent delivery, bioadhesion, and prevention of adhesions following surgery or injury. Reactive gel-forming compositions and systems are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 61 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

2002:172469 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

Photopolymerizable biodegradable

hydrogels as tissue contacting materials and

controlled-release carriers

INVENTOR(S):

Hubbell, Jeffrey A., Zumikon, SWITZERLAND

Pathak, Chandrashekhar P., Austin, TX, UNITED STATES Sawhney, Amarpreet S., Lexington, MA, UNITED STATES

Desai, Neil P., Los Angeles, CA, UNITED STATES Hill, Jennifer L., Pearland, TX, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Board of Regents, The University of Texas System Texas

(non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002091229		20020711	· <
	US 6602975 .	B2	20030805	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2001-21508	A1	20011022	(10)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of S Jan 2000, PATENTS			492011, filed on 26 f Ser. No. US

1998-128917, filed on 4 Aug 1998, PATENTED Continuation

of Ser. No. US 1996-700237, filed on 20 Aug 1996,

PATENTED Division of Ser. No. US 1995-468364, filed on

6 Jun 1995, PATENTED Division of Ser. No. US

1995-379848, filed on 27 Jan 1995, PATENTED Division of Ser. No. US 1993-22687, filed on 1 Mar 1993, PATENTED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-843485, filed

on 28 Feb 1992, ABANDONED

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: PATREA L. PABST, HOLLAND & KNIGHT LLP, SUITE 2000, ONE

ATLANTIC CENTER, 1201 WEST PEACHTREE STREET, N.E.,

ATLANTA, GA, 30309-3400

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 31 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1817

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Hydrogels of polymerized and crosslinked macromers comprising hydrophilic oligomers having biodegradable monomeric or oligomeric extensions, which biodegradable extensions are terminated on free ends with end cap monomers or oligomers capable of polymerization and cross linking are described. The hydrophilic core itself may be degradable, thus combining the core and extension functions. Macromers are polymerized using free radical initiators under the influence of long wavelength ultraviolet light, visible light excitation or thermal energy. Biodegradation occurs at the linkages within the extension oligomers and results in fragments which are non-toxic and easily removed from the body. Preferred applications for the hydrogels include prevention of adhesion formation after surgical procedures, controlled release of drugs and other bioactive species, temporary protection or separation of tissue surfaces, adhering of sealing tissues together, and preventing the attachment of cells to tissue surfaces.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 62 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:37868 USPATFULL

TITLE: Methods and compositions for sealing tissue

leaks

INVENTOR(S): Wilkie, James, Melrose, MA, UNITED STATES

Rolke, James, Fitzwilliam, NH, UNITED STATES Burzio, Luis, Andover, MA, UNITED STATES Tammishetti, Shekharam, Secunderabad, INDIA

Pendharkar, Sanyog Manohar, Oldbridge, NJ, UNITED

STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 2002022588 A1 20020221 US 2000-747293 A1 20001222 PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.: 20001222 (9)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1999-US14232, filed

on 23 Jun 1999, UNKNOWN

NUMBER DATE -----US 1998-90609P 19980623 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: <--US 2000-199469P 20000425 (60) <--US 1999-171859P 19991222 (60) <-- DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TESTA, HURWITZ & THIBEAULT, LLP, HIGH STREET TOWER, 125

HIGH STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 167 1

LINE COUNT:

2885

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides methods and compositions that are useful for adhering biological and/or synthetic tissues, sealing fluid and/or gaseous leaks in biological and/or synthetic tissues, and preparing implants useful for delivery of a bioactive molecule such as a drug, for bulking applications, or for tissue prostheses. The present invention also relates to bio-erodable adhesive or occluding compositions and methods of using the same.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 63 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:185356 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Photopolymerizable biodegradable

hydrogels as tissue contacting materials and

controlled-release carriers

INVENTOR (S):

Hubbell, Jeffrey A., Austin, TX, United States

Pathak, Chandrashekhar P., Waltham, MA, United States Sawhney, Amarpreet S., Newton, MA, United States Desai, Neil P., Los Angeles, CA, United States Hill, Jennifer L., Austin, TX, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Boards of Regents, The University of Texas System,

Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----US 6306922 B1 20011023 US 2000-492011 20000126 (9)

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-128917, filed on 4 Aug 1998, now patented, Pat. No. US 6060582 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-700237, filed on 20 Aug 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5986043 Division of Ser. No. US 1995-468364, filed on 6 Jun 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5567435 Division of Ser. No. US 1995-379848, filed on 27 Jan 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5626863

Division of Ser. No. US 1993-22687, filed on 1 Mar

1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5410016

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-843485, filed

on 28 Feb 1992, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Hampton-Hightower, P. Holland & Knight LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

7 Drawing Figure(s); 5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2166

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS, PATENT.

AB

Hydrogels of polymerized and crosslinked macromers comprising hydrophilic oligomers having biodegradable monomeric or oligomeric extensions, which biodegradable extensions are terminated on free ends with end cap monomers or oligomers capable of polymerization and cross

linking are described. The hydrophilic core itself may be degradable, thus combining the core and extension functions. Macromers are polymerized using free radical initiators under the influence of long wavelength ultraviolet light, visible light excitation or thermal energy. Biodegradation occurs at the linkages within the extension oligomers and results in fragments which are non-toxic and easily removed from the body. Preferred applications for the hydrogels include prevention of adhesion formation after surgical procedures, controlled release of drugs and other bioactive species, temporary protection or separation of tissue surfaces, adhering of sealing tissues together, and preventing the attachment of cells to tissue surfaces.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 64 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:57876 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Photopolymerizable biodegradable

hydrogels as tissue contacting materials and

controlled-release carriers

INVENTOR(S): Hubbell, Jeffrey A., Austin, TX, United States

> Pathak, Chandrashekhar P., Waltham, MA, United States Sawhney, Amarpreet S., Newton, MA, United States Desai, Neil P., Los Angeles, CA, United States Hill-West, Jennifer L., Austin, TX, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

The Board of Regents, The University of Texas System,

Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

DATE NUMBER KIND

US 6060582 20000509 US 1998-128917 19980804 (9) PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-700237, filed on 20 RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Aug 1996 which is a division of Ser. No. US

1995-468364, filed on 6 Jun 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5567435 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1995-379848, filed on 27 Jan 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5626863 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1993-22687, filed on 1 Mar 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5410016 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No.

US 1992-843485, filed on 28 Feb 1992, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Hampton-Hightower, P.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnall Golden & Gregory, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 17 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 7 Drawing Figure(s); 5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2334

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AΒ Hydrogels of polymerized and crosslinked macromers comprising hydrophilic oligomers having biodegradable monomeric or oligomeric extensions, which biodegradable extensions are terminated on free ends with end cap monomers or oligomers capable of polymerization and cross linking are described. The hydrophilic core itself may be degradable, thus combining the core and extension functions. Macromers are polymerized using free radical initiators under the influence of long wavelength ultraviolet light, visible light excitation or thermal energy. Biodegradation occurs at the linkages within the extension oligomers and results in fragments which are non-toxic and easily

removed from the body. Preferred applications for the hydrogels include prevention of adhesion formation after surgical procedures, controlled release of drugs and other bioactive species, temporary protection or separation of tissue surfaces, adhering of sealing tissues together, and preventing the attachment of cells to tissue surfaces.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 65 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:146742 USPATFULL

TITLE: Photopolymerizable biodegradable

hydrogels as tissue contacting materials and

controlled-release carriers

INVENTOR(S): Hubbell, Jeffrey A., Austin, TX, United States

Pathak, Chandrashekhar P., Waltham, MA, United States

Sawhney, Amarpreet S., Newton, MA, United States Desai, Neil P., Los Angeles, CA, United States Hill-West, Jennifer L., Austin, TX, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Board of Regents, The University of Texas System,

United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5986043 .19991116 <-APPLICATION INFO.: US 1996-700237 19960820 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1995-468364, filed on 6 Jun

1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5567435 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1995-379848, filed on 27 Jan 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5626863 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1993-22687, filed on 1 Mar 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5410016 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-843485, filed

on 28 Feb 1992, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Hampton-Hightower, P.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnall Golden & Gregory, LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 42 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1925

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Hydrogels of polymerized and crosslinked macromers comprising hydrophilic oligomers having biodegradable monomeric or oligomeric extensions, which biodegradable extensions are terminated on free ends with end cap monomers or oligomers capable of polymerization and cross linking are described. The hydrophilic core itself may be degradable, thus combining the core and extension functions. Macromers are polymerized using free radical initiators under the influence of long wavelength ultraviolet light, visible light excitation or thermal energy. Biodegradation occurs at the linkages within the extension oligomers and results in fragments which are non-toxic and easily removed from the body. Preferred applications for the hydrogels include prevention of adhesion formation after surgical procedures, controlled release of drugs and other bioactive species, temporary protection or separation of tissue surfaces, adhering of sealing tissues together, and preventing the attachment of cells to tissue surfaces.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 66 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:36949 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Engineering oral tissues

INVENTOR(S):

Mooney, David J., Ann Arbor, MI, United States Rutherford, Robert B., Ann Arbor, MI, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

The Regents of the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor,

MI, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

-----US 5885829 US 1997-864494 19990323

APPLICATION INFO.:

19970528 (8)

NUMBER -----

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1996-18450P 19960528 (60)

DATE

<--

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DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Degen, Nancy

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Arnold, White & Durkee

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

17 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

8001

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Disclosed are methods for regenerating dental and oral tissues from viable cells using ex vivo culture on a structural matrix. The regenerated oral tissues and tissue-matrix preparations thus provided have both clinical applications in dentistry and oral medicine and are also useful in in vitro toxicity and biocompatibility testing.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 67 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

97:38209 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Photopolymerizable biodegradable

hydrogels as tissue contacting materials and

controlled-release carriers

INVENTOR (S):

Hubbell, Jeffrey A., Austin, TX, United States

Pathak, Chandrashekhar P., Waltham, MA, United States

Sawhney, Amarpreet S., Newton, MA, United States Desai, Neil P., Los Angeles, CA, United States Hill, Jennifer L., Austin, TX, United States Board of Regents, The University of Texas System,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 5626863

APPLICATION INFO.:

19970506

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

US 1995-379848

19950127 (8)

Division of Ser. No. US 1993-22687, filed on 1 Mar 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5410016 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-843485, filed

on 28 Feb 1992, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Dodson, Shelley A.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Pabst, Patrea L.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 43 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)

2322 LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Hydrogels of polymerized and crosslinked macromers comprising hydrophilic oligomers having biodegradable monomeric or oligomeric extensions, which biodegradable extensions are terminated on free ends with end cap monomers or oligomers capable of polymerization and cross linking are described. The hydrophilic core itself may be degradable, thus combining the core and extension functions. Macromers are polymerized using free radical initiators under the influence of long wavelength ultraviolet light, visible light excitation or thermal energy. Biodegradation occurs at the linkages within the extension oligomers and results in fragments which are non-toxic and easily removed from the body. Preferred applications for the hydrogels include prevention of adhesion formation after surgical procedures, controlled release of drugs and other bioactive species, temporary protection or separation of tissue surfaces, adhering of sealing tissues together, and preventing the attachment of cells to tissue surfaces.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 68 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 96:96779 USPATFULL

TITLE: Photopolymerizable biodegradable

hydrogels as tissue contacting materials and

controlled-release carriers

Hubbell, Jeffrey A., Austin, TX, United States INVENTOR (S):

Pathak, Chandrashekhar P., Waltham, MA, United States

Sawhney, Amarpreet S., Newton, MA, United States Desai, Neil P., Los Angeles, CA, United States Hill-West, Jennifer L., Austin, TX, United States Board of Regents, The University of Texas System,

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

US 5567435 PATENT INFORMATION: 19961022

APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-468364 19950606 (8)

Division of Ser. No. US 1995-379848, filed on 27 Jan RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

1995 which is a division of Ser. No. US 1993-22687, filed on 1 Mar 1993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5410016

which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-843485, filed on 28 Feb 1992, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Dodson, Shelley A. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Arnall Golden & Gregory

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 38 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2186

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Hydrogels of polymerized and crosslinked macromers comprising hydrophilic oligomers having biodegradable monomeric or oligomeric extensions, which biodegradable extensions are terminated on free ends with end cap monomers or oligomers capable of polymerization and cross linking are described. The hydrophilic core itself may be degradable,

thus combining the core and extension functions. Macromers are polymerized using free radical initiators under the influence of long wavelength ultraviolet light, visible light excitation or thermal energy. Biodegradation occurs at the linkages within the extension oligomers and results in fragments which are non-toxic and easily removed from the body. Preferred applications for the hydrogels include prevention of adhesion formation after surgical procedures, controlled release of drugs and other bioactive species, temporary protection or separation of tissue surfaces, adhering of sealing tissues together, and preventing the attachment of cells to tissue surfaces.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L26 ANSWER 69 OF 69 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

95:36490 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Photopolymerizable biodegradable

hydrogels as tissue contacting materials and

controlled-release carriers

INVENTOR (S):

Hubbell, Jeffrey A., Austin, TX, United States

Pathak, Chandrashekhar P., Waltham, MA, United States Sawhney, Amarpreet S., Newton, MA, United States Desai, Neil P., Los Angeles, CA, United States

Hill, Jennifer L., Austin, TX, United States

Board of Regents, The University of Texas System, PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Austin, TX, United States (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 5410016 US 1993-22687 19950425

APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

US 1993-22687 19930301 (8) Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-843485, filed on 28 Feb 1992, now abandoned Ser. No. Ser. No. US 1990-598880, filed on 15 Oct 1990 And Ser. No. US

1991-740703, filed on 5 Aug 1991 which is a division of

Ser. No. US -598880

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

Foelak, Morton

PKIMARY EXAMINER:
ASSISTANT EXAMINER: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Dodson, Shelley A. Kilpatrick & Cody

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

23

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: \

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

13 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2205

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Hydrogels of polymerized and crosslinked macromers comprising AB hydrophilic oligomers having biodegradable monomeric or oligomeric extensions, which biodegradable extensions are terminated on free ends with end cap monomers or oligomers capable of polymerization and cross linking are described. The hydrophilic core itself may be degradable, thus combining the core and extension functions. Macromers are polymerized using free radical initiators under the influence of long wavelength ultraviolet light, visible light excitation or thermal energy. Biodegradation occurs at the linkages within the extension oligomers and results in fragments which are non-toxic and easily removed from the body. Preferred applications for the hydrogels include prevention of adhesion formation after surgical procedures, controlled release of drugs and other bioactive species, temporary protection or separation of tissue surfaces, adhering of sealing tissues together, and preventing the attachment of cells to tissue surfaces. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Inventor Search

White 10/755,667

21/08/2005

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ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN 1.3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:117961 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:147997

TITLE: Manufacture of polysaccharides with reduced molecular

INVENTOR (S): Maeda, Hiroshi; Imamura, Kimihiro PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Seikagaku Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE	
	JP 2004043645	A2	20040212	JP 2002-203210		20020711	
	US 2005154196	A1	20050714	US 2004-755667		20040113	
PRIC	RITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-203210	Α	20020711	
AB	The method is carr:	ied out	by irradiat	ing a polysaccharide	fra	ction	
	(hyaluronic acid) v	with ele	ectron beams	at a radiation dose	(d;	in kGy) so	
	that $n = Mead (M =$	average	e mol. weigh	t of polysaccharides	at	5000-70,000; n	=
	given pos. value.;	n = ave	erage mol. w	eight in Da; e = nat	ural	log. base; a	=
	-0.008.apprx0.004	1).				_	
IC	ICM C08B037-08						
	ICS C08B037-10						
CC	44-5 (Industrial Ca	arbohydr	rates)				
ST	polysaccharide muco	polvšac	charide ele	ctron beam degran mo	ol wt	redn	

olysaccharide mucopolysaccharide electron beam degrdn mol wt redn

IT Electron beams

Polymer degradation

(manufacture of polysaccharides with reduced mol. weight)

IT Glycosaminoglycans, processes

Mucopolysaccharides, processes

RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)

(manufacture of polysaccharides with reduced mol. weight)

IT 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9005-49-6, Heparin, processes 9007-28-7, Chondroitin sulfate 9050-30-0, Heparan, sulfate 9056-36-4, Keratan, 24967-94-0, Dermatan sulfate RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical

process); PROC (Process)

(manufacture of polysaccharides with reduced mol. weight)